## The Learner's Greek New Testament Series The Gospel According to Matthew Published by David Harris Walker Smashwords Edition

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David Harris Walker Author & Editor

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## ΚΑΤΑ ΜΑΘΘΑΙΟΝ

#### <u>ΜΑΤΤΗΕΨ CHAPTER 1</u> <u>ΜΑΤΤΗΕΨ 1:1</u> Ρίβλος καμάσεας <sup>1</sup>μησοῦ Χριστοῦ μίοῦ Δαυλά

Βίβλος γενέσεως Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ υἰοῦ Δαυὶδ υἰοῦ Ἀβραάμ.

**Βίβλος γενέσεως Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ** book, scroll, of (the) generation of Jesus Christ **υἰοῦ Δαυίδ υἰοῦ Ἀβραάμ** (the) son of David (the) son of Abraham

**βίβλος**, -ου, ή, (or rather ή βύβλος, the plant called papyrus; from its bark (or rather, *the cellular substance of its stem* for it was an endogenous plant) paper was made, *a written book, a roll* or *scroll*, <u>Ac. 1:20</u> γέγραπται γὰρ ἐν βίβλῷ ψαλμῶν· *for it has been written in (the) scroll, book, of Psalms;* <u>Phil. 4:3</u> συνεργῶν μου ὦν τὰ ὀνόματα ἐν βίβλῷ ζωῆς *of my fellow-workers whose names (are) in (the) Book of Life, Scroll of Life* 

γένεσις, -εως, ή,

**1.** source, origin, beginning: βίβλος γενέσεώς τινος a book of one's lineage, i.e. in which his ancestry or his progeny are enumerated <u>Mt. 1:1</u> Βίβλος γενέσεως Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (*the*) book, scroll, of (*the*) generation of Jesus Christ

**2.** birth, nativity <u>Mt. 1:18</u> Τοῦ δὲ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ ἡ γένεσις οὕτως ἦν and the birth of Jesus Christ happened in this way

**3**. natural, one's own <u>Jas. 1:23</u> οὖτος ἔοικεν ἀνδρὶ κατανοοῦντι τὸ πρόσωπον τῆς γενέσεως αὐτοῦ ἐν ἐσόπτρῷ this man is like a man looking at the (his) face of his of his birth (= his natural face, his own face) in a mirror

 $\Delta$ αβίδ,  $\Delta$ αυΐδ and  $\Delta$ αυείδ,  $\Delta$ αυΐδης, -ου, ό, (i.e. beloved), *David*, indeclinable name of by far the most celebrated king of the Israelites.

Άβραάμ (Josephus Ἄβραμος, -ov), (father of a multitude, compare Genesis 17:5), Abraham.

(For this peek, verses 1:2-1:17 are eliminated)

## **MATTHEW 1:18**

Τοῦ δὲ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ ἡ γένεσις οὕτως ἦν. μνηστευθείσης τῆς μητρὸς αὐτοῦ Μαρίας τῷ Ἰωσήφ, πρὶν ἢ συνελθεῖν αὐτοὺς εὑρέθη ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχουσα ἐκ πνεύματος ἀγίου.

# Τοῦ δὲ Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ ἡ γένεσις and the birth of Jesus Christ

ούτως ἦν so it was like this) so it came about (this way) so it happened this way came about this way μνηστευθείσης having been promised, having become engaged τῆς μητρὸς αὐτοῦ Μαρίας τῷ Ἰωσήφ his mother Mary, Maria, to Joseph πρὶν ἢ συνελθεῖν αὐτοὺς before which they (were) to come together εὑρέθη ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχουσα she was found in (her) womb having (a child conceived) ἐκ πνεύματος ἁγίου from (the) Holy Spirit = she was found to be with child by (the action of the) Holy Spirit

οὕτω and οὕτως, in this manner, thus, so;

**1**. *thus, so, in this way; then*: Mt. 11:26. Closely related to this use is that of οὕτως in the sense of *consequently*.

- **2**. so; so greatly; οὕτως ... ὥστε.
- **3**. Further, the following special uses deserve notice:
- **a**. in that state in which one finds one's self, such as one is.
- **b**. *thus forthwith*, i.e. without hesitation.

 $\mathbf{\tilde{\eta}v}$  3 p sing imperfect act ind  $\mathbf{\epsilon i}\mu \mathbf{i}$  he was

μνηστευθείσης 1 aor pass ptc gen sing fem μνηστεύω having been promised, having become

engaged

**μνηστεύω**: (μνηστός; betrothed, espoused, engaged, promised); to woo her and ask her in marriage; passive to be promised in marriage, be betrothed, become engaged, <u>Lk. 1:27</u> πρός παρθένον ἐμνηστευμένην ἀνδρὶ ῷ ὄνομα Ἰωσὴφ to a virgin having been engaged, promised, pledged, to a man to whom (was the) name Joseph = named Joseph

### μήτηρ, *a mother*.

**Ἰωσήφ** indeclinable, (Ἰώσηπος), ὁ

**1.** the patriarch, the eleventh son of Jacob: Jn. 4:5; Ac. 7:9, 13 sq. 18; Heb. 11:21 sq.;  $φυλ\dot{\eta}$  Ἰωσήφ, i.e. the tribe of Ephraim, Rev. 7:8.

2. the son of Jonan or Jonam, one of Christ's ancestors: Lk. 3:30.

3. the son of Judah [or Judas; better Joda] another ancestor of Jesus: Lk. 3:26.

**4.** the son of Mattathias, another of the same: Lk. 3:24.

**5.** the husband of Mary, the mother of Jesus: Mt. 1:16, 18–20, 24; 2:13, 19; Lk. 1:27; 2:4, 16, 33.

6. an own brother of our Lord: Mt. 13:55.

**7.** Joseph of Arimathæa, a member of the Sanhedrin, who favored Jesus: Mt. 27:57, 59; Mk. 15:43, 45.

8. Joseph, surnamed Βαρνάβας (which see): Ac. 4:36 (some texts have Ἰωσῆς).

9. Joseph called Barsabas better Barsabbas; and surnamed Justus: Ac. 1:23. [See Ἰωσῆς]

πρίν, (according to some, comparative προ- ιον, προ -ιν, πριν),

**1.** an adverb *previously*, *formerly*.

2. with the force of a conjunction, *before*, *before that*.

# sunelles oun-érgomai to come together

## συν-έρχομαι;

**1.** to come together, i.e.

**a.** to assemble, gather, in congregation, <u>**1** Co. 11:18</u> πρῶτον μὲν γὰρ συνερχομένων ὑμῶν ἐν ἐκκλησία for first, coming together you in church = when you come together in church, in an assembly

**b.** of conjugal cohabitation, <u>Mt. 1:18</u>  $\pi \rho i \nu \ddot{\eta} \sigma \upsilon \nu \epsilon \lambda \theta \tilde{\epsilon} \ddot{\nu} \alpha \dot{\upsilon} \tau \sigma \dot{\upsilon} \dot{\varepsilon} \epsilon \dot{\theta} \eta \dot{\epsilon} \nu \gamma \alpha \sigma \tau \rho \dot{\epsilon} \dot{\epsilon} \chi \sigma \upsilon \sigma \dot{\epsilon} \kappa$   $\pi \nu \epsilon \dot{\upsilon} \mu \alpha \tau \sigma \varsigma \dot{\alpha} \gamma \dot{\iota} \sigma \upsilon$  before which they (were) to come together she was found in (her) womb having (a child conceived) from (the) Holy Spirit = she was found to be with child by (the action of the) Holy Spirit

**2.** to go (depart) or come with one, to accompany one, company with, travel with, <u>Ac. 1:21</u>  $\delta\epsilon\tilde{i} \circ \tilde{b}v \tau \tilde{\omega}v \sigma \upsilon v \epsilon \lambda \theta \delta \upsilon \tau \tilde{\omega}v \dot{\eta} \mu \tilde{i}v \dot{\alpha}v \delta \rho \tilde{\omega}v$  it is necessary therefore from the ones having accompanied us men = therefore it is necessary (that) of the men who accompanied us

# εύρέθη 3 p sing 1 aor pass ind ευρίσκω she was found

εὑρίσκω; to find; i.e. **1.** to come upon, to meet with, discover (after searching); without a previous search, to find (by chance), come upon accidentally <u>Lk. 11:9</u> αἰτεῖτε καὶ δοθήσεται ὑμῖν ζητεῖτε καὶ εὑρήσετε ask and it will be given to you, seek and you will find

2. to find by asking, thought, examination, scrutiny, observation, hearing; to find out by

practice and experience, i.e. to see, learn, discover, understand; of intellectual discovery based upon evidence, study, examination, or analysis find, discover: **<u>Ro 7:21</u>** εύρίσκω ἄρα τὸν νόμον τῷ θέλοντι ἐμοὶ ποιεῖν τὸ καλόν so I discover (despite) the law the one in me wanting to do (what is) good = I find the law in me wanting to do good

**3.** to get knowledge of, come to know, God, <u>Ac. 17:27</u> εἰ ἄρα γε ψηλαφήσειαν αὐτὸν καὶ εὕροιεν so then if indeed they felt for him and they might possibly find (him); <u>Mt. 11:29</u> καὶ εὑρήσετε ἀνάπαυσιν ταῖς ψυχαῖς ὑμῶν· and you will find rest for your souls, your lives

**4.** Middle, to find for one's self, to acquire, get, obtain, procure <u>Heb. 9:12</u> αἰωνίαν λύτρωσιν εύράμενος having obtained eternal redemption

## γαστήρ, -ρός (poet. -έρος), ή

1. *the belly*; by metonymy of the whole for a part,

**2.** *the womb*: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν *to be with child*; συλλαμβάνεσθαι ἐν γαστρί to conceive, become pregnant, Lk. 1:31.

3. *the stomach*; by synecdoche *a glutton, gormandizer*.

ἔχουσα pres act ptc nom sing fem ἔχω having

#### **MATTHEW 1:19**

Ἰωσὴφ δὲ ὁ ἀνὴρ αὐτῆς, δίκαιος ὢν καὶ μὴ θέλων αὐτὴν δειγματίσαι, ἐβουλήθη λάθρα ἀπολῦσαι αὐτήν.

Ἰωσὴφ δὲ ὁ ἀνὴρ αὐτῆς now Joseph her husband δίκαιος ὢν righteous, just, being καὶ μὴ θέλων αὐτὴν δειγματίσαι and not wanting her to be exposed publicly, publicly disgraced ἐβουλήθη he wanted, desired, intended, resolved, planned λάθρα ἀπολῦσαι αὐτήν secretly, privately, covertly, quietly, to set her free, divorce her

δίκαιος, -αία, -αιον, just, upright, righteous, honest (from δίκη right), ή δίκη, righteous, observing divine and human laws; one who is such as he ought to be;

**1.** in a wide sense, upright, righteous, virtuous, keeping the commands of God, consonant with the commands of God.

**a.** Neuter τὸ δίκαιον, that which regard for duty demands, what is right, righteous **Eph. 6:1** ὑπακούετε τοῖς γονεῦσιν ὑμῶν ἐν κυρίφ τοῦτο γάρ ἐστιν δίκαιον submit to your parents in (the) Lord for this is right, just, appropriate

**b**. when the negative idea predominates, *innocent, faultless, guiltless,* <u>**Mt. 27:19</u>**  $d\pi \acute{e}\sigma\tau \epsilon \iota \lambda \epsilon v$  $\pi \rho \acute{o}\varsigma a \acute{v} \tau \acute{o} v \acute{\eta} \gamma \upsilon v \grave{\eta} a \acute{v} \tau \upsilon \widetilde{\upsilon} \lambda \acute{e} \gamma \upsilon \upsilon \sigma \imath \cdot \mu \eta \delta \acute{e} v \sigma \upsilon \grave{\kappa} a \iota \tau \breve{\varphi} \delta \iota \kappa a \iota \varphi \delta \iota \varphi \delta</u>$ 

**c.** preëminently, of someone whose way of thinking, feeling, and acting is wholly conformed to the will of God, and who therefore needs no change in heart or life. <u>Ac. 7:52</u> καὶ ἀπέκτειναν τοὺς προκαταγγείλαντας περὶ τῆς ἐλεύσεως τοῦ δικαίου and murdered the ones having foretold about the coming of the Righteousness One; <u>1 Pet. 3:18</u> ὅτι καὶ Χριστὸς ἅπαξ περὶ ἁμαρτιῶν ἕπαθεν δίκαιος ὑπὲρ ἀδίκων because also Christ once for all concerning sins he suffered, (the) righteous (one) on behalf of unrighteous people

**d.** contextually, approved of God, acceptable to God **Ro. 5:19** οὕτως καὶ διὰ τῆς ὑπακοῆς τοῦ ἑνὸς δίκαιοι κατασταθήσονται οἱ πολλοί so also through the obedience of the one man, the many (unrighteous) will be made righteous

**2.** In a narrower sense, *what is appropriately owed, what is justly due*; and that in a judicial sense, *passing just judgment on others* **<u>2 Tim. 4:8</u>** ό κύριος ἐν ἐκείνῃ τῇ ἡμέρạ ὁ δίκαιος κριτής *the Lord in that day, the righteous judge* 

ώv pres act ptc nom sing masc εἰμί being

 $\theta \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \omega v$  pres act ptc nom sing masc  $\theta \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \omega$  with  $\mu \dot{\eta}$  not wanting, wishing, desiring  $\theta \hat{\epsilon} \lambda \omega$  to will, to wish (have in mind,) intend; i.e.

**1.** to desire, to wish, wish to have, desire, want **Ro. 9:16**  $\check{a}$  pa où vou tou  $\theta \acute{\epsilon} \lambda$ ovtoc où dè tou tpéxovtoc  $\check{a}\lambda\lambda i$  tou  $\acute{\epsilon}\lambda i$   $\check{e}$  ovtoc  $\theta i$  so then (it is) not the one wishing nor the one running but the one showing mercy = but of God who shows mercy

**2.** to be resolved or determined, to purpose <u>Mk. 14:36</u> παρένεγκε τὸ ποτήριον τοῦτο ἀπ ἐμοῦ· ἀλλ οὐ τί ἐγὼ θέλω ἀλλὰ τί σύ take away this cup from me: but not what I want but what you (want, will)

**3.** to like to do a task, be fond of doing <u>Lk. 20:46</u>  $\pi$ poséxete à $\pi$ ò tῶν γραμματέων τῶν θελόντων περιπατεῖν ἐν στολαῖς beware (about influence) from the scribes the ones wanting to walk in flowing robes

**4.** to take delight, have pleasure <u>Col 2:18</u> μηδεὶς ὑμᾶς καταβραβευέτω θέλων ἐν ταπεινοφροσύνῃ καὶ θρησκείᾳ τῶν ἀγγέλων ὰ ἑόρακεν let no one defraud you insisting on, taking delight in asceticism and worship of angels which he has seen = the visions he claims to have seen

δειγματίσαι 1 aor act infinitive δειγματίζω to be exposed publicly, publicly disgraced δειγματίζω: (δεῖγμα); to make an example of, to show as an example, to make a public example; to expose one to disgrace, <u>Mt. 1:19</u> Ἰωσὴφ δὲ ὁ ἀνὴρ αὐτῆς, δίκαιος ὢν καὶ μὴ θέλων αὐτὴν δειγματίσαι, now Joseph her husband righteous being and not wanting her to be exposed publicly, publicly disgraced. In the N.T. found only in Mt. 1:19 and Col. 2:15.

 $\dot{\epsilon}$ βουλήθη 3 p sing 1 aor pass ind βούλομαι he wanted

βουλεύω, βούλομαι, in our literature only middle βούλομαι

**1.** to desire, will, wish, want, purpose, choose <u>Mt 11:27</u> καὶ ῷ ἐἀν βούληται ὁ υἰὸς ἀποκαλύψαι and to whomever the Son might will, purpose, choose, to reveal (Him); <u>Ac. 25:20</u> ἀπορούμενος δὲ ἐγὼ τὴν περὶ τούτων ζήτησιν ἕλεγον εἰ βούλοιτο πορεύεσθαι εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα and I not knowing (how to conduct) the inquiry concerning these (charges, accusations) I asked if he would be willing to go into Jerusalem

**2.** to determine, to be determined, to intend, to deliberate, resolve, decide, consider <u>Ac. 5:28</u> καὶ βούλεσθε ἐπαγαγεῖν ἐφ ἡμᾶς τὸ αἶμα τοῦ ἀνθρώπου τούτου and you are determined to bring upon us the blood of this man; <u>Ac. 12:4</u> βουλόμενος μετὰ τὸ πάσχα ἀναγαγεῖν αὐτὸν τῷ λαῷ intending, resolving, after the Passover to bring, him to the people for a public trial

λάθρα (λάθρη, from λανθάνω. λαθεῖν), and λάθρα (from λάθρος, -α, -ov), adverb secretly, privately, covertly, <u>Ac. 16:37</u> ἕβαλαν εἰς φυλακήν καὶ νῦν λάθρα ἡμᾶς ἐκβάλλουσιν; they threw (us) into prison and now secretly, in private, covertly they throw us out?

 $\dot{a}$ πολῦσαι 1 aor act infinitive  $\dot{a}$ πο-λύω to set free, divorce  $\dot{a}$ πο-λύω; to loosen from, sever by loosening, undo;

**1.** to set free: τινά τινος, to liberate one from (as from a bond), <u>**Lk. 13:12</u>** ό Ἰησοῦς προσεφώνησεν καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῆ· γύναι, ἀπολέλυσαι τῆς ἀσθενείας σου Jesus he called to (her) and said to her: woman, you have been set free = delivered from your sickness</u>

2. to let go, dismiss, (to detain no longer),

**a.** a suppliant to whom liberty to depart is given by a decisive answer, <u>Mt. 15:23</u> ἀπόλυσον αὐτήν, ὅτι κράζει ὅπισθεν ἡμῶν send her away because she cries out after us

**b.** to bid depart, send away, <u>Mt. 14:15</u> ἀπόλυσον τοὺς ὅχλους ἵνα ἀπελθόντες εἰς τὰς κώμας ἀγοράσωσιν ἑαυτοῖς βρώματα send away, dismiss, the crowds so that having gone into the villages they might buy food for themselves

**3.** to let go free, set free, pardon, to release;

**a.** a captive, i.e. to unloose his bonds and tell him depart, to give him liberty to depart: to release one to one, grant him his liberty, <u>Lk. 23:22</u> ό δὲ τρίτον εἶπεν πρòς αὐτούς· τί γὰρ κακὸν ἐποίησεν οὖτος; οὐδὲν αἴτιον θανάτου εὖρον ἐν αὐτῷ· παιδεύσας οὖν αὐτὸν ἀπολύσω, for a third (time) he said to them: For what harm did this man do? no cause of death did I find in him: so having punished him I will release, free, dismiss (him)

**b.** to acquit one accused of a crime and set him at liberty, <u>Jn. 19:12</u> ἐκ τούτου ὁ Πιλᾶτος ἐζήτει ἀπολῦσαι αὐτόν· from this (point, conversation) Pilate was seeking to free, loosen, him, let him go

**c.** indulgently to grant a prisoner leave to depart, <u>Ac. 4:21</u> oi  $\delta \epsilon \pi \rho \sigma \sigma \pi \epsilon i \lambda \eta \sigma \delta \mu \epsilon v \circ i but the men having threatened (= but after they threatened) they freed them, dismissed them, let them go$ 

**d.** to release a debtor, i.e. not to press one's claim against him, to forgive debt, <u>Mt. 18:27</u> σπλαγχνισθεὶς δὲ ὁ κύριος τοῦ δούλου ἐκείνου ἀπέλυσεν αὐτὸν καὶ τὸ δάνειον ἀφῆκεν αὐτῷ, and having been moved with compassion the lord of that servant released him and the debt he forgave to him

**e**. metaphorical to pardon another his offences, <u>**Lk. 6:37</u>** ἀπολύετε, καὶ ἀπολυθήσεσθε, *forgive, pardon, and you will be forgiven, pardoned*</u>

**4.** used of divorce, as ἀπαλύω τὴν γυναῖκα to dismiss from the house, to repudiate, divorce, send away: Mt. 1:19 Ἰωσὴφ δὲ ὁ ἀνὴρ αὐτῆς, δίκαιος ὢν καὶ μὴ θέλων αὐτὴν δειγματίσαι, ἑβουλήθη λάθρα ἀπολῦσαι αὐτήν, now Joseph her husband righteous being and not wanting her to be publicly disgraced he wanted quietly to set her free, divorce her

**5.** Middle ἀπολύομαι, to send one's self away; to depart, <u>Ac. 28:25</u> ἀσύμφωνοι δὲ ὄντες πρὸς ἀλλήλους ἀπελύοντο and at variance, disagreement, being (= and when they disagreed; and when they were in a state of disagreement with one another) they departed

### **MATTHEW 1:20**

ταῦτα δὲ αὐτοῦ ἐνθυμηθέντος ἰδοὺ ἄγγελος κυρίου κατ ὄναρ ἐφάνη αὐτῷ λέγων· Ἰωσὴφ υἰὸς Δαυίδ, μὴ φοβηθῆς παραλαβεῖν Μαρίαν τὴν γυναῖκα σου· τὸ γὰρ ἐν αὐτῆ γεννηθὲν ἐκ πνεύματος ἐστιν ἁγίου.

**ταῦτα δὲ αὐτοῦ ἐνθυμηθέντος** now these (thoughts, choices, options) having been deliberated, considered, by him

after he had considered, pondered, these (thoughts)

ἰδοὺ ἄγγελος κυρίου behold, look, an angel of (the) Lord
κατ ὄναρ according to a dream, in a dream
ἐφάνη αὐτῷ λέγων· was manifested, was made known, appeared\* to him saying
Ἰωσὴφ υἰὸς Δαυίδ Joseph son of David
μὴ φοβηθῆς παραλαβεῖν Μαρίαν τὴν γυναῖκα σου· do not fear, be afraid, to take Mary,
Maria, (as, to be) your wife
τὸ γὰρ ἐν αὐτῆ γεννηθὲν for what, for the (child), in her having been begotten, conceived
ἐκ πνεύματος ἐστιν ἁγίου is from (the) Holy Spirit

\*although in the passive voice,  $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\dot{\alpha}v\eta$  is consistently rendered by translators *appeared* as if it is in the active voice

ἐνθυμηθέντος 1 aor pass ptc gen sing masc ἐνθυμέομαι having thought about, deliberated; after he reflected

**ἐνθυμέσμαι**, -οῦμαι; a deponent (from ἐν and θυμός); to bring to mind, revolve in mind, ponder, consider, to reflect on, <u>Mt. 1:20</u> ταῦτα δὲ αὐτοῦ ἐνθυμηθέντος .... now these (thoughts, choices, options) having been deliberated, considered, by him ... In the N.T. found only in Mt. 1:20 and Mt. 9:4.

ίδού 2 p sing 2 aor mid imperative εἶδον behold! look! see! lo!

**ίδού**, a demonstrative particle that is more precisely the aorist middle imperative of εἶδον, ίδοῦ, except that it carries the acute accent when used as a particle: *behold! Look! see! lo!* 

άγγελος, -ου, ό, a messenger, envoy, angel, one who is sent: Mt. 11:10.

**1.** a messenger, envoy, who is sent: <u>Mt. 11:10</u> οὖτος ἐστιν περὶ οὖ γέγραπται· ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ ἀποστέλλω τὸν ἄγγελον μου πρὸ προσώπου σου, ὃς κατασκευάσει τὴν ὁδόν σου ἕμπροσθεν σου take note, I am sending my messenger ahead of you who will make ready your road ahead of you

3. Moreover, the angels are sent to make God's purposes known to people <u>Lk. 1:11, 13</u>  $\check{o}\phi\theta\eta$  $\check{o}\check{e}a\dot{v}\tau\check{\phi}\check{a}\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambdao\varsigma$  κυρίου  $\dot{e}\sigma\tau\grave{\omega}\varsigma$   $\dot{e}\kappa$   $\check{o}\epsilon\xi\imath\check{\omega}v$  τοῦ θυσιαστηρίου τοῦ θυμιάματος ...  $\epsilon\bar{i}\pi\epsilon v$   $\check{o}\check{e}\pi\rho\grave{o}\varsigma$  $a\dot{v}t\grave{o}v$   $\dot{o}\check{a}\gamma\gamma\epsilon\lambdao\varsigma$ · µὴ φοβοῦ, Ζαχαρία, διότι εἰσηκούσθη ἡ δέησις σου, καὶ ἡ γυνή σου Ἐλισάβετ  $\gamma\epsilon vv\eta\sigma\epsilon\iota$  υἱόν σοι and was seen by him an angel of (the) Lord standing at (the) right side of the altar for the incense ... and the angel said to him: do not fear, Zachariah, because your prayer has been heard and your wife Elizabeth will give birth to a son for you

**4.** Attending angels of individuals are mentioned in Mt. 18:10, Ac. 12:15 and 1 Co. 11:10. <u>**1 Co. 11:10**</u> ὀφείλει ἡ γυνὴ ἐξουσίαν ἔχειν ἐπὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς διὰ τοὺς ἀγγέλους *the woman ought to have (a symbol of) authority on the (her) head because of the angels* (who veil their faces before Jehovah, Isa. 6:2.))

**5**. Certain angels proved faithless to the trust committed to them by God, and have given themselves up to sin, <u>2 Pet. 2:4</u> Ei γàρ ὁ θεὸς ἀγγέλων ἁμαρτησάντων οὐκ ἐφείσατο for if God did not spare angels who sinned

**ὄναρ**, τό, (an indeclinable noun, used only in the nominative and accusative singular; the other cases are taken from ὀνειρός), *a dream*: κατ' ὄναρ, *in a dream*, Mt. 1:20; 2:12 sq. 19, 22; 27:19.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\phi\dot{\alpha}v\eta$  3 p sing 2 aor pass ind  $\phi\alpha\dot{\omega}was$  manifested; here many translators render as if in the active voice appeared

φαίνω; to bring forth into the light, cause to shine; to show In biblical Greek

**1.** Active intransitively, to shine, shed light <u>Jn. 1:5</u> καὶ τὸ φῶς ἐν τῇ σκοτίᾳ φαίνει καὶ ἡ σκοτία αὐτὸ οὐ κατέλαβεν and the light shines in the darkness and the darkness did not overcome it

2. Passive

**a.** to shine, give light, flash, be bright or resplendent <u>Mt. 24:27</u> ώσπερ γὰρ ἡ ἀστραπὴ ἐξέρχεται ἀπὸ ἀνατολῶν καὶ φαίνεται ἕως δυσμῶν οὕτως ἔσται ἡ παρουσία τοῦ υἰοῦ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου· for as the lightening comes from (the) eastern regions and shines to (the) west, is visible in (the) west, so will be the appearance of the Son of Man

**b.** to become evident, to be brought forth into light, come to view, appear, become visible, be revealed; to come to light, <u>Mt. 13:26</u> ὅτε δὲ ἐβλάστησεν ὁ χόρτος καὶ καρπὸν ἐποίησεν τότε ἐφάνη καὶ τὰ ζιζάνια but when the grain sprouted and produced a crop then became obvious also the weeds, tares = then the tares also became evident; <u>Mt. 24:30</u> καὶ τότε φανήσεται τὸ σημεῖον τοῦ υἰοῦ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἐν οὐρανῷ and then will shine, appear, the sign of the Son of Man in heaven

c. to meet the eyes, strike the sight, become clear or manifest, be seen to be; to be seen, appear Mt. 23:27 outves  $\xi\omega\theta\epsilon\nu\mu\epsilon\nu\phi\alpha$  (vortal  $\omega\rho\alpha$ ) which although on the outside they truly appear lovely, look beautiful

λέγων pres act ptc nom sing masc λέγω saying

 $\lambda \epsilon \gamma \omega$  to say, to speak, to tell with several subtle nuances of meaning:

**1.** to speak λέγειν, whether orally or in writing, to set forth in language, make plain, to say, to tell to one perhaps claim <u>Ac. 13:15</u> ἄνδρες ἀδελφοί εἴ τίς ἐστιν ἐν ὑμῖν λόγος παρακλήσεως πρὸς τὸν λαόν, λέγετε men brothers if any word of exhortation is in you (both) for the people, speak (it), share (it)

**2.** with adverbs, or with phrases having adverbial force: καλῶς, *rightly* **Jn. 8:48** οὐ καλῶς λέγομεν ἡμεῖς ὅτι Σαμαρίτης εἶ σὺ καὶ δαιμόνιον ἔχεις; *do we not rightly say, correctly speak that you are a Samaritan and you have a demon?* 

**3.** the equivalent of to asseverate, affirm, aver, maintain: with the included idea of insisting on <u>Lk. 24:23</u> καὶ ὀπτασίαν ἀγγέλων ἑωρακέναι οῦ λέγουσιν αὐτὸν ζῆν literally, also a vision of angels to have seen (= also (they claim) to have seen a vision of angels) who declare him to be alive; <u>Jas. 2:14</u> Tí τὸ ὄφελος ἀδελφοί μου ἐὰν πίστιν λέγῃ τις ἔχειν what (is) the profit, my brothers, if faith might claim anyone to have = if someone says he has faith

**4.** the equivalent of to teach <u>Ac. 1:3</u> καὶ λέγων τὰ περὶ τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ θεοῦ· and teaching the (matters, issues) concerning or about the kingdom of God

5. to exhort, advise; to command, direct: in the sense of asking, seeking, entreating, to give

one a greeting, bid him welcome, salute him <u>Lk. 6:46</u> Tí δέ με καλεῖτε· κύριε κύριε καὶ oủ ποιεῖτε α̈ λέγω; And why me do you call Lord, Lord and you do not do what I say?

**6.** to call by a name, being called or name, <u>Mt. 9:9</u> Μαθθαῖον λεγόμενον being called Matthew, named Matthew

**7.** to speak out, speak of, mention <u>Eph. 5:12</u> tà yàp κρυφ $\tilde{\eta}$  γινόμενα ὑπ αὐτῶν αἰσχρόν ἐστιν καὶ λέγειν the (sins, fruitless works of darkness) in secret being done by them are shameful even to speak about, tell, relate, mention

φ**ο**βηθῆς 2 p sing 1 aor pass subj φ**ο**βέω with μὴ *do not fear, be afraid; you should not be afraid* φ**ο**βέω, - $\tilde{ω}$ : (φόβος); *to terrify, frighten; to put to flight by terrifying* (to scare away). Passive

**1.** to fear, be afraid; to be struck with fear, to be seized with alarm; to fear (i.e. hesitate) to do something (for fear of harm), <u>Mt. 1:20</u> Ἰωσὴφ υἰὸς Δαυίδ μὴ φοβηθῆς παραλαβεῖν Μαρίαν τὴν γυναῖκα σου· τὸ γὰρ ἐν αὐτῆ γεννηθὲν ἐκ πνεύματος ἐστιν ἁγίου Joseph son of David, do not be afraid to take Mary (as, to be) your wife, for the (child) in her having been conceived is from (the) Holy Spirit

**2.** to respect, honor, to treat with deference or reverential obedience <u>Eph. 5:33</u>  $\pi\lambda\eta\nu$  καὶ ὑμεῖς οἱ καθ ἕνα ἕκαστος τὴν ἑαυτοῦ γυναῖκα οὕτως ἀγαπάτω ὡς ἑαυτόν ἡ δὲ γυνὴ ἵνα φοβῆται τὸν ἀνδρα however, you also every individual man, each his own wife so let him love as himself and the wife that she respect the man, (her) husband

παραλαβεῖν 2 aor act infinitive παρα-λαμβάνω to take here perhaps = to marry παρα-λαμβάνω;

**1.** to take to, lead to, to take with one's self, to join to one's self <u>Mt. 17:1</u> Kai μεθ ήμέρας εξ παραλαμβάνει ο΄ Ίησοῦς τὸν Πέτρον καὶ Ἰάκωβον καὶ Ἰωάννην τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ καὶ ἀναφέρει αὐτοὺς εἰς ὅρος ὑψηλὸν κατ ἰδίαν and after six days Jesus takes, takes along Peter and James and John his brother and he leads them to a high mountain in private, privately, by themselves

2. metaphorically to accept or acknowledge; not to reject, not to withhold obedience, <u>Jn.</u> <u>1:11</u> εἰς τὰ ἴδια ἦλθεν καὶ οἱ ἴδιοι αὐτὸν οὐ παρέλαβον to his own (created entities, worlds) he came and his own (people, kinsmen) did not receive, welcome, him

**3.** to receive something transmitted, to receive with the mind, accept <u>**1** Co. 11:23</u> Έγὼ γὰρ παρέλαβον ἀπὸ τοῦ κυρίου for I received from the Lord; <u>**Col. 4:17**</u> καὶ εἴπατε Ἀρχίππῳ· Βλέπε τὴν διακονίαν ἣν παρέλαβες ἐν κυρίῳ, ἵνα αὐτὴν πληροῖς and speak to Archippus: take heed to the ministry that you received in (the) Lord that you might fulfill it

#### γυνή,

1. universally *a woman* of any age, whether unmarried, married or a widow 2. *a wife*.

γεννηθέν 1 aor pass ptc nom sing neut γεννάω having been begotten, conceived

#### **πνεῦμα**, -τος, τό, (πνέω),

**1.** a movement of air, (gentle) blast; the wind itself, <u>Jn. 3:8</u> τὸ πνεῦμα ὅπου θέλει πνεῖ καὶ τὴν φωνὴν αὐτοῦ ἀκούεις ἀλλ' οὐκ οἶδας πόθεν ἕρχεται καὶ ποῦ ὑπάγει the wind blows wherever it wants and the sound of it you hear but you do not know from where it comes and where it is going

**2**. *breath* of the nostrils or mouth, <u>**Rev. 11:11**</u> Καὶ μετὰ τὰς τρεῖς ἡμέρας καὶ ἥμισυ πνεῦμα

 $\zeta$ ωῆς ἐκ τοῦ θεοῦ εἰσῆλθεν ἐν αὐτοῖς and after three and a half days (the) breath of life from God entered into them

**3.** the spirit, i.e. the vital principle by which the body in animated <u>Ac. 7:59</u> καὶ ἐλιθοβόλουν τὸν Στέφανον ἐπικαλούμενον καὶ λέγοντα· κύριε Ἰησοῦ δέξαι τὸ πνεῦμα μου and they were stoning Stephen calling out (= and while they were stoning Steven he was calling out) and saying Lord Jesus receive my spirit

4. a spirit

**a.** a human spirit that has left the body <u>Heb. 12:23</u> καὶ ἐκκλησία πρωτοτόκων ἀπογεγραμμένων ἐν οὐρανοῖς καὶ κριτῆ θεῷ πάντων καὶ πνεύμασι δικαίων τετελειωμένων and to (the) assembly of the firstborns having been registered in (the) heavens and to God (the) judge of all and to (the) spirits of righteous people having been made complete

**b.** a spirit higher than man but lower than God, i.e. an angel or a demon <u>Heb. 1:14</u> οὐχὶ πάντες εἰσὶν λειτουργικὰ πνεύματα εἰς διακονίαν ἀποστελλόμενα διὰ τοὺς μέλλοντας κληρονομεῖν σωτηρίαν; are they not all ministering spirits being sent for service on the behalf of the people being about to inherit salvation?

**5**. the Holy Spirit <u>Ac. 1:8</u> ἀλλὰ λήμψεσθε δύναμιν ἐπελθόντος τοῦ ἀγίου πνεύματος ἐφ' ὑμᾶς καὶ ἔσεσθε μου μάρτυρες ἕν τε Ἱερουσαλὴμ καὶ ἐν πάσῃ τῇ Ἰουδαίᾳ καὶ Σαμαρείᾳ καὶ ἕως ἐσχάτου τῆς γῆς but you will receive power having come on you by the Holy Spirit (= when the Holy Spirit has come on you) and you will be my witnesses both in Jerusalem and in all Judea and in Samaria and to (the) farthest part of the earth

έστιν 3 p sing pres act ind εἰμί is frequently ἐστιν can be translated in the plural, are