KATA MAPKON

MARK CHAPTER 1

MARK 1:1

Άρχη τοῦ εὐαγγελίου Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ [υίοῦ θεοῦ].

Άρχη τοῦ εὐαγγελίου Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (the) beginning of the gospel of Jesus Christ viοῦ θεοῦ (the) Son of God

ἀρχή, -ῆς, ἡ

- 1. beginning, origin;
- **a.** used of any beginning: of all creation, of the first murder, of the first word spoken by Jesus when his ministry began, of the beginning of the gospel, of the founding of the church Mt. 19:4 οὐκ ἀνέγνωτε ὅτι ὁ κτίσας ἀπ ἀρχῆς ἄρσεν καὶ θῆλυ ἐποίησεν αὐτούς; have you not read that the one having created from (the) beginning male and female he made them?(= did you not read that from the beginning the creator made them male and female?)
- <u>Jn. 8:44</u> ὑμεῖς ἐκ τοῦ πατρὸς τοῦ διαβόλου ἐστὲ καὶ ... ἐκεῖνος ἀνθρωποκτόνος ἦν ἀπ ἀρχῆς you are from the (your) father the devil ... and he was a murderer from (the) beginning (of murders, of human history)
- Mt. 24:21 ἔσται γὰρ τότε θλῖψις μεγάλη οἵα οὐ γέγονεν ἀπ ἀρχῆς κόσμου ἕως τοῦ νῦν for will be then great tribulation such as has not happened from (the) beginning of (the) world up to the present time
 - **b**. The accusative ἀρχήν is often used adverbially, i.e. ὅλως altogether
- Jn. 2:11 Ταύτην ἐποίησεν ἀρχὴν τῶν σημείων ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐν Κανὰ τῆς Γαλιλαίας this beginning of the signs Jesus performed in Cana of Galilee
- **2.** the person or object that commences, the first person or entity in a series, the leader: <u>Col. 1:18</u> ος ἐστιν ἀρχή, πρωτότοκος ἐκ τῶν νεκρῶν (Christ) who is (the) beginning (the) first-born from the dead = all who are dead
- **Rev. 22:13** ἐγὼ τὸ ἄλφα καὶ τὸ ὧ, ὁ πρῶτος καὶ ὁ ἔσχατος, ἡ ἀρχὴ καὶ τὸ τέλος I (am) the alpha and the omega, the first and the last, the beginning and the end
 - **3.** *that by which anything begins to be, the origin,* active *cause*:
- **Rev. 3:14** Τάδε λέγει ὁ ἀμήν, ὁ μάρτυς ὁ πιστὸς καὶ ἀληθινός, ἡ ἀρχὴ τῆς κτίσεως τοῦ θεοῦ these (words) says the Amen, the faithful and true witness, the beginning (the originator, the first cause, the ruler, the head, the chief) of God's creation
 - **4.** the extremity of an object: of the corners of a sheet or a sail
- **Ac. 10:11** θεωρεῖ ... καταβαῖνον σκεῦος τι ὡς ὀθόνην μεγάλην τέσσαρσιν ἀρχαῖς καθιέμενον ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς he sees ... descending a certain vessel something like a large linen cloth by (its) four corners being lowered to the earth
 - **5.** the first place, principality, rule, magistracy:
- **Lk. 12:11** Όταν δὲ εἰσφέρωσιν ὑμᾶς ἐπὶ τὰς συναγωγὰς καὶ τὰς ἀρχὰς καὶ τὰς ἐξουσίας but whenever they might drag you before the synagogue and the <u>rulers</u> and the authorities **Jud. 6** ἀγγέλους τε τοὺς μὴ τηρήσαντας τὴν ἑαυτῶν ἀρχὴν also angels that did not keep their position of authority = their principality, domain, their assigned place)

MARK 1:2

Καθώς γέγραπται ἐν τῷ Ἡσαίᾳ τῷ προφήτη· ἰδοὺ ἀποστέλλω τὸν ἄγγελον μου πρὸ προσώπου σου, δς κατασκευάσει τὴν ὁδόν σου·

Καθὸς γέγραπται just as it has been written, it is written ἐν τῷ Ἡσαῖᾳ τῷ προφήτη· in the (scroll of) Isaiah the prophet ἰδοὺ ἀποστέλλω behold, look, take note, I send, I am sending τὸν ἄγγελον μου πρὸ προσώπου σου my messenger before your face = before you, ahead of you ος κατασκευάσει τὴν ὁδόν σου· who will prepare, make ready, your way, road, path

καθώς (i.e. καθ' $\dot{\omega}$ ς), just as

- **1.** according as, i.e. in proportion as, in the degree that, just as, even as.
- **2.** since, seeing that, agreeably to the fact that.
- **3.** of time, when, after that. It is also the same as the simple $\dot{\omega} \varsigma$, as.

γέγραπται 3 p sing perfect pass ind γράφω it has been written; it is written γράφω to grave, scrape, scratch, engrave; hence to draw letters, to write;

- **1.** to delineate (or form) letters on a tablet, parchment, paper, or other material, **2 Th. 3:17** Ο ἀσπασμὸς τῆ ἐμῆ χειρὶ Παύλου ὅ ἐστιν σημεῖον ἐν πάση ἐπιστολῆ· οὕτως γράφω the salutation, greeting (is) by my hand, Paul which is a sign in every epistle in this way I write
- **2.** to commit to writing (information not to be forgotten), write down, record; γράφειν τινί to write to one i.e. by writing (in a written epistle) to give information, directions, etc. to one: **Ro. 15:15** τολμηρότερον δὲ ἔγραψα ὑμῖν ἀπὸ μέρους ὡς ἐπαναμιμνήσκων ὑμᾶς but more courageously I wrote to you to some extent as reminding you, as calling you

iδοù 2 p sing 2 aor mid imperative είδον behold, look, take note

ἀποστέλλω 1 p sing pres act ind ἀπο-στέλλω I send, I am sending ἀπο-στέλλω; to send off, send away, send out Mt. 10:40 καὶ ὁ ἐμὲ δεχόμενος δέχεται τὸν ἀποστείλαντα με and the one receiving me receives the one having sent me; Lk. 4:18 ἀπέσταλκεν με κηρύξαι αἰχμαλώτοις ἄφεσιν he has sent me to herald to captives release = to herald release to captives

κατασκευάσει 3 p sing fut act ind κατα-σκευάζω prepare, make ready κατα-σκευάζω:

- **1**. to furnish, equip, prepare, make ready Mk. 1:2 Καθώς γέγραπται ἐν τῷ Ἡσαῖᾳ τῷ προφήτῃ· ἰδοὺ ἀποστέλλω τὸν ἄγγελον μου πρὸ προσώπου σου ὃς κατασκευάσει τὴν ὁδόν σου· just as it has been written in the (scroll of) Isaiah the prophet: behold, I am sending my messenger before your face (= before you, ahead of you) who will prepare, make ready, your way
- **2.** of builders, to construct, erect, build, with the included idea of adorning, furnishing and equipping with all materials necessary, **Heb. 11:7** Πίστει χρηματισθεὶς Νῶε περὶ τῶν μηδέπω βλεπομένων εὐλαβηθεὶς κατεσκεύασεν κιβωτὸν εἰς σωτηρίαν τοῦ οἴκου αὐτοῦ by faith Noah, having been warned about (future happenings, coming events) not seen, having been moved with fear, built an ark for (the) deliverance of his house

MARK 1:3

φωνή βοῶντος ἐν τῆ ἐρήμῳ· ἑτοιμάσατε τὴν ὁδὸν κυρίου, εὐθείας ποιεῖτε τὰς τρίβους αὐτοῦ,

φωνή βοῶντος ἐν τῆ ἐρήμῳ· a voice of crying, a voice of (one) crying, in the wilderness, desert, desolate place

έτοιμάσατε τὴν ὁδὸν κυρίου prepare, make ready, the way, road, path, of or for (the) Lord εὐθείας ποιεῖτε τὰς τρίβους αὐτοῦ straight, level, make his beaten walkways, beaten tracks, paths, for him

= make his paths level OR make level paths for him

φωνή, -ηζ, η΄, (φάω to shine, make clear);

- **1.** a sound, tone, tone of voice, noise; noise, the sound, voice; the cry (of men); a cry i.e. wailing, lamentation, **Rev. 14:2** καὶ ἤκουσα φωνὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ ὡς φωνὴν ὑδάτων πολλῶν and I heard a sound, a voice, out of heaven as a sound of many waters
- **2.** a voice, i.e. the sound of uttered words; the speech, discourse, **Rev. 10:3** καὶ ὅτε ἔκραξεν ἐλάλησαν αἱ ἑπτὰ βρονταὶ τὰς ἑαυτῶν φωνάς and when he cried out, the seven thunders spoke their own voices
- **3.** speech, i.e. a language, tongue, <u>1 Co. 14:10</u> τοσαῦτα εἰ τύχοι γένη φωνῶν εἰσιν ἐν κόσμῷ so many, perhaps it may be, different kinds of sounds, voices, languages, are in (the) world = perhaps a great many various kinds of sounds, voices, languages, are in (the) world

βοῶντος pres act ptc gen sing masc βοάω crying βοάω, -ῶ;

- **1.** to raise a cry <u>Ac. 8:7</u> πολλοὶ γὰρ τῶν ἐχόντων πνεύματα ἀκάθαρτα βοῶντα φωνῆ μεγάλη ἐξήρχοντο πολλοὶ δὲ παραλελυμένοι καὶ χωλοὶ ἐθεραπεύθησαν for many of the ones having vile spirits with a loud voice shrieking they were coming out and many having been disabled and crippled were healed
- **2.** to cry i.e. speak with a high, strong voice Mt. 3:3 οὖτος γάρ ἐστιν ὁ ἡηθεὶς διὰ Ἡσαίου τοῦ προφήτου λέγοντος· φωνὴ βοῶντος ἐν τῆ ἐρήμῳ· ἑτοιμάσατε τὴν ὁδὸν κυρίου εὐθείας ποιεῖτε τὰς τρίβους αὐτοῦ for this man is the one having been spoken about by Isaiah the prophet saying, a voice crying, shouting, in the wilderness, prepare the way of (the) Lord, straight make his paths
- **3.** to cry to one for help, implore his aid **Lk. 18:7** ὁ δὲ θεὸς οὐ μὴ ποιήσῃ τὴν ἐκδίκησιν τῶν ἐκλεκτῶν αὐτοῦ τῶν βοώντων αὐτῷ ἡμέρας καὶ νυκτός καὶ μακροθυμεῖ ἐπ' αὐτοῖς; now God will he not produce justice for his elect people crying to him day and night and will he delay (a) long (time) for them? will he be slow before (he brings help) to them?

ξρημος, -ον, also -ος, -η, -ον,;

1. adjective solitary, lonely, desolate, uninhabited <u>Mk. 6:32</u> Καὶ ἀπῆλθον ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ εἰς ἔρημον τόπον κατ ἰδίαν, and they left in the boat to a desert, desolate, isolated, place privately

- **2**. deserted by others; deprived of the aid and protection of others, especially of friends, acquaintances, kindred; bereft, **Mt. 23:38** ἰδοὺ ἀφίεται ὑμῖν ὁ οἶκος ὑμῶν ἔρημος, behold, is left to you your house desolate = your house is left, is being left, desolate, to you
- **3.** substantive ἡ ἔρημος, a desert, wilderness, Mk. 1:3 φωνὴ βοῶντος ἐν τῆ ἐρήμῳ, a voice of crying, a voice of (one) crying, in the wilderness, desert, desolate place

έτοιμάσατε 2 p pl 1 aor act imperative έτοιμάζω prepare, make ready έτοιμάζω; to make ready, prepare: to make the necessary preparations, get everything ready, Mt. 3:3 έτοιμάσατε τὴν ὁδὸν κυρίου prepare the way, path, route, of (the) Lord (by a figure drawn from the custom of sending on before kings on their journeys persons to level the roads and make them passable), to prepare the minds of men to give the Messiah a fit reception and secure his blessings.

 $\dot{\mathbf{\delta}}$ δ $\dot{\mathbf{\delta}}$ ς, -ο $\ddot{\mathbf{v}}$, $\dot{\mathbf{\eta}}$, a way;

- 1. properly
- **a**. a travelled way, road, highway; κατὰ τὴν ὁδόν as you pass along the way by the way, on the way; σαββάτου
 - **b**. a traveler's way, journey, travelling: ἐν τῆ ὁδῷ, on the journey, on the road, Mt. 5:25.
 - 2 Metaphorical
- **a**. proceeding, ὁδός denotes a course of conduct, a way (i.e. manner) of thinking, feeling, deciding.
- **b**. in the saying of Christ, ἐγώ εἰμι ἡ ὁδός I am the way by which one passes, i.e. with whom all who seek approach to God must enter into closest fellowship, Jn. 14:6.

εὐθύς, -εῖα, -ύ, straight;

- **1.** straight, level; εὐθεῖα ὁδός the straight, the right way, $\underline{\mathbf{Mk. 1:3}}$ εὐθείας ποιεῖτε τὰς τρίβους αὐτοῦ straight, level, make his beaten walkways for him = make his paths level OR make level paths for him
- **2.** straightforward, upright, true, sincere, <u>Ac. 8:21</u> ή γὰρ καρδία σου οὐκ ἔστιν εὐθεῖα ἔναντι τοῦ θεοῦ for your heart is not upright, true, sincere, before God

ποιεῖτε 2 p pl pres act ind or imperative ποιέω you do or do, perform

τρίβος, -ου, ἡ, (τρίβω to rub), a worn way, a beaten walkway, a beaten track, a path, **Lk. 3:4** εὐθείας ποιεῖτε τὰς τρίβους αὐτοῦ· straight make his walkway, beaten track, path; make straight the paths for him

MARK 1:4

ἐγένετο Ἰωάννης [ὁ] βαπτίζων ἐν τῆ ἐρήμῷ καὶ κηρύσσων βάπτισμα μετανοίας εἰς ἄφεσιν ἁμαρτιῶν.

έγένετο Ἰωάννης ὁ βαπτίζων ἐν τῷ ἐρήμῳ literally, appeared John the one baptizing in the desert

= John the baptizing one, the baptizer, was, appeared, in the wilderness, desert, desolate place

καὶ κηρύσσων βάπτισμα μετανοίας and preaching a baptism of repentance

έγένετο 3 p sing 2 aor mid ind γίνομαι came; came about

Ἰωάννης and Ἰωανη, ὁ, *John*; in the N.T. the men of this name are,

- **1.** John the Baptist, the son of Zacharias the priest and Elisabeth, the forerunner of Christ.
- **2.** *John the apostle, the writer of the Fourth Gospel*, son of Zebedee and Salome, brother of James the elder.
 - **3.** the father of the apostle Peter.
 - **4.** a certain man ἐκ γένους ἀρχιερατικοῦ, a member of the Sanhedrin.
 - **5.** *John* surnamed *Mark*, the companion of Barnabas and Paul.
- **6.** *John*, according to the testimony of Papias in Eusebius, a disciple of Christ and afterwards a Christian presbyter in Asia Minor, whom not a few at the present day, following the opinion of Dionysius of Alexandria regard as the author of the Apocalypse.

βαπτίζων pres act ptc nom sing masc **βαπτίζω** baptizing; with $\dot{\mathbf{o}}$ the one who baptizes **βαπτίζω**;

- **1.** *to dip repeatedly, to immerse, submerge*, (of vessels sunk). This meaning is found in ancient Greek writers but not in the N.T.
- **2.** to cleanse by dipping or submerging, to wash, to make clean with water; to wash one's self, bathe. **Mk. 7:4** καὶ ἀπ ἀγορᾶς ἐὰν μὴ βαπτίσωνται οὐκ ἐσθίουσιν and (coming) from a market place unless they should wash they do not eat
- **3.** metaphorical to overwhelm; hence βαπτίζεσθαι βάπτισμα; to be overwhelmed with calamities, of those who must bear them, $\underline{\mathbf{Mk. 10:38}}$ ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· οὐκ οἴδατε τί αἰτεῖσθε. δύνασθε πιεῖν τὸ ποτήριον ὃ ἐγὼ πίνω ἢ τὸ βάπτισμα ὃ ἐγὼ βαπτίζομαι βαπτισθῆναι; but Jesus said to them: you do not know what you are asking: are you able to drink the cup (from) which I drink or the baptism (with) which I myself am baptized to be baptized? = or to be baptized with the baptism (with) which I am baptized?
- **4.** In the N.T. it is used particularly of the rite of sacred baptism, namely, an application of water. Passive to be baptized. Passive in a reflexive sense, to allow one's self to be initiated by baptism, to receive baptism, **Lk. 3:21** Έγένετο δὲ ἐν τῷ βαπτισθῆναι ἄπαντα τὸν λαὸν καὶ Ἰησοῦ βαπτισθέντος καὶ προσευχομένου ἀνεῳχθῆναι τὸν οὐρανὸν, now it happened, it came about literally, in the to be baptized = when they were baptized all the people = when all the people were baptized also Jesus having been baptized = and when Jesus (also) had been baptized and praying to be opened the heaven = heaven, sky, was opened

ἔρημος, -ον, also -ος, -η, -ον,;

- **1.** adjective solitary, lonely, desolate, uninhabited <u>Mk. 6:32</u> Καὶ ἀπῆλθον ἐν τῷ πλοίῳ εἰς ἔρημον τόπον κατ ἰδίαν, and they left in the boat to a desert, desolate, isolated, place privately
- **2**. deserted by others; deprived of the aid and protection of others, especially of friends, acquaintances, kindred; bereft, Mt. 23:38 iδοὺ ἀφίεται ὑμῖν ὁ οἶκος ὑμῶν ἔρημος, behold, is left to you your house desolate = your house is left, is being left, desolate, to you

3. substantive ἡ ἔρημος, a desert, wilderness, Mk. 1:3 φωνὴ βοῶντος ἐν τῆ ἐρήμῳ, a voice of crying, a voice of (one) crying, in the wilderness, desert, desolate place

κηρύσσων pres act ptc nom sing masc κηρύσσω preaching

κηρύσσω; to be a herald; to officiate as herald; to proclaim after the manner of a herald; always with a suggestion of formality, gravity, and an authority which must be listened to and obeyed

- **1.** universally to publish, make known, proclaim openly, announce $\underline{\mathbf{Mk.7:36}}$ καὶ διεστείλατο αὐτοῖς ἵνα μηδενὶ λέγωσιν· ὅσον δὲ αὐτοῖς διεστέλλετο αὐτοὶ μᾶλλον περισσότερον ἐκήρυσσον and he commanded them that they might not tell anyone but as much as he ordered them they rather the more abundantly were telling (= (the) more they abundantly were proclaiming, telling)
- **2.** specifically, used of the public proclamation of the gospel and matters pertaining to it Mk. 1:38 καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς· ἄγωμεν ἀλλαχοῦ εἰς τὰς ἐχομένας κωμοπόλεις ἵνα καὶ ἐκεῖ κηρύξω· εἰς τοῦτο γὰρ ἐξῆλθον and he says to them, let us go to another place to the (areas, regions) villages so that there I might preach because for this (purpose, reason) I came; Mk. 3:14 καὶ ἐποίησεν δώδεκα οῦς καὶ ἀποστόλους ἀνόμασεν ἵνα ὧσιν μετ αὐτοῦ καὶ ἵνα ἀποστέλλη αὐτοὺς κηρύσσειν and he appointed twelve whom he also named apostles so that they might be with him and that he might send them to preach, proclaim, herald

βάπτισμα, -τος, τό, (βαπτίζω), baptism, immersion, submersion.

μετάνοια, -οίας, ἡ, (μετανοέω) a change of mind, repentance, turning away from, conversion to, $\underline{\mathbf{Mt. 3:8}}$ ποιήσατε οὖν καρπὸν ἄξιον τῆς μετανοίας, therefore, produce fruit (= evidence) worthy of repentance perhaps = produce evidence adequate to prove (you have undergone) repentance

ἄφ-εσις, -εως, ἡ, (ἀφίημι); forgiveness, pardon, remission

- **1.** release, as from bondage, imprisonment, captivity, etc., **Lk. 4:18** πνεῦμα κυρίου ἐπ ἐμὲ οὖ εἴνεκεν ἔχρισεν με εὐαγγελίσασθαι πτωχοῖς ἀπέσταλκεν με κηρύξαι αἰχμαλώτοις ἄφεσιν καὶ τυφλοῖς ἀνάβλεψιν ἀποστεῖλαι τεθραυσμένους ἐν ἀφέσει (the) Spirit of (the) Lord (is) on me for which reason (= because) he anointed me to preach good news to the poor, he has sent me to proclaim to captives freedom (= to herald release to captives) and to blind people recovery of sight to send forth in freedom (the ones) having been shattered (= to set at liberty the oppressed)
- **2.** ἄφεσις ἁμαρτιῶν forgiveness, pardon, cancelation of an debt, of sins (the letting them go, as if they had not been committed), remission of their penalty, Mt. 26:28 τοῦτο γάρ ἐστιν τὸ αἶμα μου τῆς διαθήκης τὸ περὶ πολλῶν ἐκχυννόμενον εἰς ἄφεσιν ἁμαρτιῶν for this is my blood of the covenant the (blood) being poured out concerning many for (the) forgiveness, pardon, remission, sending away, of sins
- ἀμαρτία, -ας, ἡ, a failing to hit the mark (see ἀμαρτάνω). In Greek writers 1st, an error of the understanding. 2nd, a bad action, evil deed. In the N.T. always in an ethical sense, that which is done wrong, committed or resultant sin, an offence, a violation of the divine law in thought or in an act, some particular evil deed, 1 Jn. 3:4 Πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν ἀμαρτίαν καὶ τὴν ἀνομίαν ποιεῖ, καὶ ἡ ἀμαρτία ἐστὶν ἡ ἀνομία, everyone who practices sin also the lawlessness

MARK 1:5

καὶ ἐξεπορεύετο πρὸς αὐτὸν πᾶσα ἡ Ἰουδαία χώρα καὶ οἱ Ἱεροσολυμῖται πάντες, καὶ ἐβαπτίζοντο ὑπ ἀὐτοῦ ἐν τῷ Ἰορδάνῃ ποταμῷ ἐξομολογούμενοι τὰς ἁμαρτίας αὐτῶν.

καὶ ἐξεπορεύετο πρὸς αὐτὸν and were going out, traveling, to him πᾶσα ἡ Ἰουδαία χώρα all the Judean country, countryside, region καὶ οἱ Ἱεροσολυμῖται πάντες and all the (people from) Jerusalem καὶ ἐβαπτίζοντο ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ἐν τῷ Ἰορδάνῃ ποταμῷ and were being baptized by him in the Jordan river

έξομολογούμενοι τὰς ἁμαρτίας αὐτῶν confessing their sins

έξεπορεύετο 3 p sing imperfect mid ind ἐκ-πορεύομαι were going out, traveling ἐκ-πορεύομαι; (passive of ἐκπορεύω

- 1. to make to go forth, to lead out; to go forth, go out, depart, $\underline{\mathbf{Mk. 11:19}}$ Καὶ ὅταν ὀψὲ ἐγένετο, ἐξεπορεύοντο ἔξω τῆς πόλεως, and when evening came, they were going out from the town
- **2.** food (excrement)] to go out i.e. be discharged, to come forth, Mk. 7:19 ὅτι οὐκ εἰσπορεύεται αὐτοῦ εἰς τὴν καρδίαν ἀλλ εἰς τὴν κοιλίαν, καὶ εἰς τὸν ἀφεδρῶνα ἐκπορεύεται because it does not go into his heart but into the (his) stomach and into a place for waste it goes, goes out, it is discharged = it goes out from his body
- **3.** figuratively to come forth, to issue, to proceed; to break forth; to flow forth; to project, **Rev. 1:16** καὶ ἔχων ἐν τῆ δεξιᾶ χειρὶ αὐτοῦ ἀστέρας ἑπτὰ καὶ ἐκ τοῦ στόματος αὐτοῦ ῥομφαία δίστομος ὀξεῖα ἐκπορευομένη καὶ ἡ ὄψις αὐτοῦ ὡς ὁ ἥλιος φαίνει ἐν τῆ δυνάμει αὐτοῦ, and holding seven stars in his right hand and from his mouth a sharp two-edged sword coming out
- **4.** to spread abroad, of a rumor or report **Lk. 4:37** καὶ ἐξεπορεύετο ἦχος περὶ αὐτοῦ εἰς πάντα τόπον τῆς περιχώρου, and was going out, spreading, news, a report, concerning or about him to every place in the surrounding countryside, area, region

Ἰονδαῖος, -αία, -αίον, (Ἰονδα), Jewish; Jew, belonging to the Jewish race. Jewish as respects birth, race, religion; a Jew; citizens of the kingdom of Judah; after the exile all the Israelites, the Jews, the Jewish race.

χώρα, -ας, η, (χαω, to lie open, be ready to receive),

- **1.** the space lying between two places or limits.
- **2.** a region or country;
- **a**. land as inhabited, a province or country, **Mk.** 5:10 καὶ παρεκάλει αὐτὸν πολλὰ ἵνα μὴ αὐτὰ ἀποστείλη ἔξω τῆς χώρας and he was begging him repeatedly that he would not send them out of the country, region
- **b**. plural τῆς Ἰαυδαίας καὶ Σαμαρείας, regions, <u>Ac. 8:1</u> πάντες δὲ διεσπάρησαν and they were all scattered κατὰ τὰς χώρας τῆς Ἰουδαίας throughout the regions, areas, of Judea
- **c**. the (rural) region environing a city or village, the country **Lk. 2:8** Καὶ ποιμένες ἦσαν ἐν τῆ χώρα τῆ αὐτῆ and shepherds were in the same country, region

- **d**. the region with towns and villages which surrounds the metropolis, <u>Jn. 11:55</u> καὶ ἀνέβησαν πολλοὶ εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα and many went up into Jerusalem
- **3.** land which is plowed or cultivated, ground, fields, cultivated land: <u>Lk. 12:16</u> ἀνθρώπου τινὸς πλουσίου εὐφόρησεν ἡ χώρα the land, ground, of a certain rich man produced plentifully

Ἰορδάνης, -ου, ὁ, the Jordan, the largest and most celebrated river of Palestine.

ἐβαπτίζοντο 3 p pl imperfect pass ind βαπτίζω they were being baptized

ποταμός, -οῦ, ὁ, a stream, a river: of the Jordan, the equivalent of a torrent, Mt. 7:25 καὶ κατέβη ἡ βροχὴ καὶ ἦλθον οἱ ποταμοὶ and came down the rain and came the rivers, floods

ἐξομολογούμενοι pres mid ptc nom pl masc ἐξ-ομολογέω confessing ἐξ-ομολογέω, -ῶ: ἐξ either forth from the heart, freely, or publicly, openly; active and deponent middle to confess, to profess;

- **1.** to confess: τὰς ἁμαρτίας, the sins Mt. 3:6 καὶ ἐβαπτίζοντο ἐν τῷ Ἰορδάνῃ ποταμῷ ὑπ αὐτοῦ ἐξομολογούμενοι τὰς ἁμαρτίας αὐτῶν and they were baptized in the Jordan river by him, confessing, after acknowledging, their sins
- **2.** to profess i.e. to acknowledge, acknowledge openly (to one's honor), i.e. to celebrate, give praise to; to profess that one will do something, to promise, agree, engage, consent: **Lk. 22:6** καὶ ἐξωμολόγησεν καὶ ἐζήτει εὐκαιρίαν τοῦ παραδοῦναι αὐτὸν ἄτερ ὅχλου αὐτοῖς and he acknowledged and was looking for an opportunity to hand him over to them away from (the notice of) crowd

ἀμαρτία, -ας, ἡ, a failing to hit the mark (see ἀμαρτάνω). In Greek writers 1st, an error of the understanding. 2nd, a bad action, evil deed. In the N.T. always in an ethical sense, that which is done wrong, committed or resultant sin, an offence, a violation of the divine law in thought or in an act, some particular evil deed, 1 Jn. 3:4 Πᾶς ὁ ποιῶν τὴν ἀμαρτίαν καὶ τὴν ἀνομίαν ποιεῖ, καὶ ἡ ἀμαρτία ἐστὶν ἡ ἀνομία, everyone who practices sin also the lawlessness practices and sin is lawlessness

MARK 1:6

καὶ ἦν ὁ Ἰωάννης ἐνδεδυμένος τρίχας καμήλου καὶ ζώνην δερματίνην περὶ τὴν ὀσφὺν αὐτοῦ καὶ ἐσθίων ἀκρίδας καὶ μέλι ἄγριον.

καὶ ἦν ὁ Ἰωάννης ἐνδεδυμένος τρίχας καμήλου and John was having been dressed, attired, with hairs of a camel, with camel hair

= and John was dressed in, clothed with, camel's hair = a camel hair garment καὶ ζώνην δερματίνην περὶ τὴν ὀσφὺν αὐτοῦ and a belt leather, a leather belt, around his waist

καὶ ἐσθίων ἀκρίδας καὶ μέλι ἄγριον and eating locusts and wild honey

^ħv 3 p sing imperfect act ind εἰμί he was

ἐνδεδυμένος perfect pass ptc nom sing masc ἐν-δύνω and ἐν-δύω having been clothed ἐν-δύνω and ἐν-δύω;

- 1. transitive (to envelop in, to hide in), to put on, dress, clothe, put on clothes or armor
- **a**. in a literal sense, to put on, clothe with a garment: **Mt. 27:31** καὶ ὅτε ἐνέπαιξαν αὐτῷ ἐξέδυσαν αὐτὸν τὴν χλαμύδα καὶ ἐνέδυσαν αὐτὸν τὰ ἱμάτια αὐτοῦ and after they mocked him, they took off (of) him the robe and put on him his (own) garments. Middle to put on one's self, be clothed with Mt. 6:25.
- **b.** in metaphorical phrases: of armor figuratively ἐνδύεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα τοῦ φωτός, **Ro. 13:12** ἡ νὺξ προέκοψεν ἡ δὲ ἡμέρα ἤγγικεν ἀποθώμεθα οὖν τὰ ἔργα τοῦ σκότους ἐνδυσώμεθα δὲ τὰ ὅπλα τοῦ φωτός the night is far spent and the day is at hand, so let us lay aside the works of darkness and put on the armor pieces of light; to be furnished with anything, adorned with a virtue, as if clothed with a garment.
- 2. intransitive to creep into, insinuate one's self into; to enter: ἐνδύνοντες εἰς τὰς οἰκίας, 2 Tim. 3:6 ἐκ τούτων γάρ εἰσιν οἱ ἐνδύνοντες εἰς τὰς οἰκίας καὶ αἰχμαλωτίζοντες γυναικάρια for from these men are ones going in, creeping in, entering into the homes and gaining control over vulnerable women

τρίχας accusative plural feminine

θρίξ, τριχός, dative plural θριξί, $\dot{\eta}$, the hair;

- 1. the hair of the head: Mt. 5:36.
- **2.** the hair of animals: Rev. 9:8; ἐνδεδυμένος τρίχας καμήλου, with a garment made of camel's hair, Mk. 1:6, compare Mt. 3:4.

κάμηλος, -ου, ὁ, ἡ, a camel: Mt. 3:4; Mk. 1:6; in proverbs, Mt. 19:24 (meaning, 'something almost or altogether impossible'; Mt. 23:24 (of one who is careful not to sin in trivial matters, but pays no heed to the more important matters).

ζώνη, -ης, ἡ, (ζώννυμι), *a strap, belt*, serving not only to strap up flowing garments but also, since it was hollow, to carry money in and, thus, a *purse*.

δερμάτινος, -η, -ον, (δέρμα), made of skin, made of leather, leathern: Mt. 3:4; Mk. 1:6; compare 2 K. 1:8.

όσφύς, [or -φῦς], -ύος, ἡ

- 1. the hip or waist, as that part of the body where the ζώνη, belt, was worn.
- **2**. *the* genitals, where the Hebrews thought the generative power (*semen*) resided; hence καρπὸς τῆς ὀσφύος, euphemistically, *fruit of the loins, offspring*, Ac. 2:30.

ἐσθίων pres act ptc nom sing masc ἐσθίω and ἔσθω eating ἐσθίω and ἔσθω, (lengthened forms of ἔδω);

- **1**. simply to eat (consume) Mt. 26:26 Έσθιόντων δὲ αὐτῶν λαβὼν ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἄρτον καὶ εὐλογήσας ἔκλασεν and eating of them = and while they were eating, Jesus having taken (the) bread and having blessed (it), he broke (it)
- **2**. to consume, destroy Heb. 10:27 φοβερὰ δέ τις ἐκδοχὴ κρίσεως καὶ πυρὸς ζῆλος ἐσθίειν μέλλοντος τοὺς ὑπεναντίους but some fearful expectation of judgment and a raging fire to consume about the enemies = but a certain terrifying expectation of judgment and a

fury of fire that is about to consume the adversaries

3. to devour **Rev. 19:17-18** καὶ ἔκραξεν ἐν φωνῆ μεγάλη λέγων πᾶσιν τοῖς ὀρνέοις Δεῦτε συνάχθητε ἵνα φάγητε σάρκας βασιλέων and he shouted with a loud voice saying to all the birds, Come be gathered together that you might devour (the) flesh of kings

ἀκρίς, -ίδος, ἡ, a locust, grasshopper.

μέλι, -τος, τό, honey: Rev. 10:9 sq.; ἄγριον, Mt. 3:4; Mk. 1:6.

άγριος, -α, -ον, (ἀγράς)

- **1.** living or growing in the fields or the woods, used of animals in a state of nature, and of plants which grow without culture: μέλι ἄγριον wild honey, **Mt. 3:4** ἡ δὲ τροφὴ ἦν αὐτοῦ ἀκρίδες καὶ μέλι ἄγριον and his food was crickets, locusts, and wild honey
 - **2.** fierce, untamed **Jud. 13** κύματα ἄγρια θαλάσσης untamed, wild, waves of (the) sea

MARK 1:7

Καὶ ἐκήρυσσεν λέγων· ἔρχεται ὁ ἰσχυρότερος μου ὀπίσω μου, οὖ οὐκ εἰμὶ ἰκανὸς κύψας λῦσαι τὸν ἱμάντα τῶν ὑποδημάτων αὐτοῦ.

Καὶ ἐκήρυσσεν λέγων· and he preached saying

ἔρχεται ὁ ἰσχυρότερος μου ὀπίσω μου comes, is coming, the man (who is) stronger, greater, mightier, more powerful, than I after me he comes

= the one who is greater than I am is coming after me

οὖ οὖκ εἰμὶ ἱκανὸς κύψας of whom I am not worthy, fit, qualified having bowed, stooped down, bent down

λῦσαι τὸν ἱμάντα τῶν ὑποδημάτων αὐτοῦ to loosen, untie, the strap of his footwear, sandal

ἐκήρυσσεν 3 p sing imperfect act ind κηρύσσω he preached, proclaimed κηρύσσω; to be a herald; to officiate as herald; to proclaim after the manner of a herald; always with a suggestion of formality, gravity, and an authority which must be listened to and obeyed

- **1.** universally to publish, make known, proclaim openly, announce $\underline{\mathbf{Mk. 7:36}}$ καὶ διεστείλατο αὐτοῖς ἵνα μηδενὶ λέγωσιν· ὅσον δὲ αὐτοῖς διεστέλλετο αὐτοὶ μᾶλλον περισσότερον ἐκήρυσσον and he commanded them that they might not tell anyone but as much as he ordered them they rather the more abundantly were telling (= (the) more they abundantly were proclaiming, telling)
- 2. specifically, used of the public proclamation of the gospel and matters pertaining to it Mk. 1:38 καὶ λέγει αὐτοῖς· ἄγωμεν ἀλλαχοῦ εἰς τὰς ἐχομένας κωμοπόλεις ἵνα καὶ ἐκεῖ κηρύξω· εἰς τοῦτο γὰρ ἐξῆλθον and he says to them, let us go to another place to the (areas, regions) villages so that there I might preach because for this (purpose, reason) I came; Mk. 3:14 καὶ ἐποίησεν δώδεκα οῦς καὶ ἀποστόλους ἀνόμασεν ἵνα ὧσιν μετ αὐτοῦ καὶ ἵνα ἀποστέλλη αὐτοὺς κηρύσσειν and he appointed twelve whom he also named apostles so that they might be with him and that he might send them to preach, proclaim, herald

λέγων pres act ptc nom sing masc λέγω saying

ἔρχεται 3 p sing pres mid ind ἔρχομαι he comes, he is coming, he arrives

ἰσχυρός, -ά, -άν, (ἰσχύω), strong, mighty, powerful; strong the same as violent; forcibly uttered; strong the equivalent of firm, sure, Mt. 12:29 ἢ πῶς δύναται τις εἰσελθεῖν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν τοῦ ἰσχυροῦ καὶ τὰ σκεύη αὐτοῦ ἀρπάσαι, ἐὰν μὴ πρῶτον δήση τὸν ἰσχυρόν; καὶ τότε τὴν οἰκίαν αὐτοῦ διαρπάσει, or how is anyone able to enter into the house of the strong, strong man and his goods to steal unless first he should bind the strong, strong man? and then his house he will plunder, rob

ὀπίσω, (at the) back, behind, after

1. adverbially of place—

Lk. 7:38 καὶ στᾶσα ὁπίσω παρὰ τοὺς πόδας αὐτοῦ and having stood behind at his feet; **Mt. 24:18** καὶ ὁ ἐν τῷ ἀγρῷ μὴ ἐπιστρεψάτω ὀπίσω and the one in the field let him not turn back, return back, go back

In. 18:6 ἀπῆλθον εἰς τὰ ὀπίσω they went to the back, drew back, stepped back **In. 6:66** Ἐκ τούτου πολλοὶ ἐκ τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ ἀπῆλθον εἰς τὰ ὀπίσω from this (time, moment) many from his followers went away, departed, left literally, to the backs = to (go) back to the (places they came from), to the (former places)

2. to follow any one as a guide, to be his disciple or follower, to come after-
Mt. 16:24 εἴ τις θέλει ὀπίσω μου ἐλθεῖν if anyone wants after me to come

Mt. 4:19 δεῦτε ὀπίσω μου come follow me, come after me, come behind me

Mt. 3:11 ὁ δὲ ὀπίσω μου ἐρχόμενος however the one after me coming, the one who comes after me

ἰκανός, -ή, -όν, (from ἵκω, ἰκάνω; 'reaching to', 'attaining to'; hence *adequate*, *sufficient*);

- 1. of number and quantity; with nouns,
- **a**. with respect to size or magnitude, many, large, great, sizable, considerable, repeated, Mk. 10:46 καὶ ὅχλου ἰκανοῦ and with a crowd large = large crowd
- **b**. enough, sufficient, adequate, <u>Lk. 22:38</u> κύριε, ἰδοὺ μάχαιραι ὧδε δύο ὁ δὲ εἶπεν αὐτοῖς· ἰκανόν ἐστιν Lord, look, swords here two (= here are two swords) and he said to them: it is enough
- **2**. of time = a long time, $\underline{Ac. 8:11}$ προσεῖχον δὲ αὐτῷ διὰ τὸ ἰκανῷ χρόνῳ ταῖς μαγείαις and they were giving heed to him because for a long time with the magic arts
- **3.** sufficient in ability, i.e. fit, worthy, able, competent, qualified, **Lk. 3:16** ἐγὼ μὲν ὕδατι βαπτίζω ὑμᾶς· ἔρχεται δὲ ὁ ἰσχυρότερος μου οὖ οὐκ εἰμὶ ἰκανὸς λῦσαι τὸν ἱμάντα τῶν ὑποδημάτων αὐτοῦ I indeed with water baptize you: but is coming the one stronger than me about whom I am not worthy, fit, adequate, to untie the strap of his sandals = the strap of whose sandals I am not worthy to untie
- **4**. *security, bond, pledge;* money required to assure a person will return to face a question or a charge, similar to a modern bail bond, **Ac. 17:9** λαβόντες τὸ ἰκανὸν παρὰ τοῦ Ἰάσονος having taken a pledge, a security, bond.

εἰμὶ 1 p sing pres act ind εἰμὶ with οὐκ I am not

κύψας 1 aor act ptc nom sing masc κύπτω having bowed, stooped

κύπτω: to bow the head, bend forward, stoop down: Mk. 1:7; with κάτω added, Jn. 8:6, 8. In the N.T. found only in Mk. 1:7, Jn. 8:6 and Jn. 8:8.

λύσαι 1 aor act infinitive λύω to loosen, unlatch, untie λύω: to loosen; i.e.

- **1.** to loosen any person (or entity) tied or fastened: properly the bandages of the feet, the shoes, <u>Ac. 13:25</u> ως δὲ ἐπλήρου Ἰωάννης τὸν δρόμον, ἔλεγεν· τί ἐμὲ ὑπονοεῖτε εἶναι; οὐκ εἰμὶ ἐγω· ἀλλὶ ἰδοὺ ἔρχεται μετ ἐμὲ οὖ οὐκ εἰμὶ ἄξιος τὸ ὑπόδημα τῶν ποδῶν λῦσαι and when John was completing his course, he said, what do you suppose me to be? I myself am not (he, the One) but observe, (one, he) comes after me of whom I am not worthy the sandals of his feet to loosen, untie, remove
- **2.** to loosen one bound, i.e. to unbind, release from bonds, set free, Ac. 22:30 Τῆ δὲ ἐπαύριον βουλόμενος γνῶναι τὸ ἀσφαλές τὸ τί κατηγορεῖται ὑπὸ τῶν Ἰουδαίων ἔλυσεν αὐτὸν and the next day, wanting to know the certainty the what (= the reason, why) he was accused by the Jews, he released him, let him go
- **3**. metaphorical to free (ἀπὸ δεσμοῦ) from the chains of sin or the bondage of disease (one held by Satan) by restoration to health, **Lk. 13:16** ταύτην δὲ θυγατέρα Ἀβραὰμ οὖσαν ῆν ἔδησεν ὁ σατανᾶς ἰδοὺ δέκα καὶ ὀκτὰ ἔτη οὐκ ἔδει λυθῆναι ἀπὸ τοῦ δεσμοῦ τούτου τῆ ἡμέρα τοῦ σαββάτου; but this daughter of Abraham being, whom Satan kept bound, take note, ten and eight years (= eighteen years), is it not appropriate to loosen (her), set (her) free, from this bondage on the day of the Sabbath?
- **4.** to loosen, undo, dissolve, anything bound, tied, or compacted together, break up into its component parts, destroy, of a building tear down <u>Jo. 2:19</u> λύσατε τὸν ναὸν τοῦτον καὶ ἐν τρισὶν ἡμέραις ἐγερῶ αὐτόν destroy this temple and in three days I will raise it up (again); damage to a ship <u>Ac 27:41</u> ἡ δὲ πρύμνα ἐλύετο ὑπὸ τῆς βίας τῶν κυμάτων and the stern was being broken apart by the force of the waves
- **5.** destroy, bring to an end, abolish, do away with.—Of commandments, laws, precepts repeal, annul, abolish Mt. 5:19 ος ἐὰν οὖν λύση μίαν τῶν ἐντολῶν τούτων τῶν ἐλαχίστων καὶ διδάξη οὕτως τοὺς ἀνθρώπους ἐλάχιστος κληθήσεται ἐν τῆ βασιλεία τῶν οὐρανῶν whoever therefore might loosen, nullify, break, destroy, set aside, relax one of these commands of the least (= one of the least of these commands) and might teach people so to do, least he will be called in the kingdom of the heavens
- **6**. dismiss, to cause a gathering to be dismissed or dispersed—'to dismiss, to disperse.' λυθείσης δὲ τῆς συναγωγῆς 'when the gathering had been dispersed' or 'when the meeting had been dismissed' (Louw & Nida) **Ac. 13:43** λυθείσης δὲ τῆς συναγωγῆς ἡκολούθησαν πολλοὶ τῶν Ἰουδαίων and having been dismissed from the synagogue many of the Jews followed

ίμάντα accusative singular masculine

ἱμάς, -άντος, ὁ, (from ἵημι to send; that is, a vessel, which was tied to thongs of leather and let down into a well for the purpose of drawing water; hence iμάω also, to draw something made fast to a thong or rope); a thong of leather, a strap; in the N.T. of the thongs with which captives or criminals were either bound or beaten, Ac. 22:25; of the thongs or ties by which sandals were fastened to the feet, Mk. 1:7; Lk. 3:16; Jn. 1:27.

ὑπόδημα, -τος, τό, (ὑποδέω), what is bound under, a sandal, a sole fastened to the foot with

thongs.