ΠΡΑΞΕΙΣ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΩΝ

ACTS CHAPTER 1

ACTS 1:1

Τὸν μὲν πρῶτον λόγον ἐποιησάμην περὶ πάντων, ὧ Θεόφιλε, ὧν ἤρξατο ὁ Ἰησοῦς ποιεῖν τε καὶ διδάσκειν,

Τὸν μὲν πρῶτον λόγον truly the first word, former book, writing, narrative ἐποιησάμην περὶ πάντων I made, produced, wrote, concerning or about all (matters, happenings)

ο Θεόφιλε Ο Theophilus

ών ήρξατο ὁ Ἰησοῦς ποιεῖν τε καὶ διδάσκειν of which, about which, Jesus began both to do and to teach

πρ $\tilde{ω}$ τος, -η, -ον, first;

- 1. either in time or place, in any succession of objects or of persons Rev. 1:17 ὁ πρῶτος καὶ ὁ ἔσχατος the first and the last i. e. the eternal One;
- 2. the former, previous: τὴν πρώτην πίστιν, the faith which they formerly professed 1 Tim. 5:12 ἔχουσαι κρίμα ὅτι τὴν πρώτην πίστιν* ἠθέτησαν having (incurring) judgment because they rejected their first faith or their primary faith (*many translations correctly render $\pi i \sigma \tau \mathbf{v} v o w$, pledge, commitment)
- **3.** first in rank, influence, honor; chief; principal: πρῶτος chief, (opposite to δοῦλος), Mt. 20:27 καὶ ος αν θέλη ἐν ὑμῖν εἶναι πρῶτος ἔσται ὑμῶν δοῦλος· and whoever would want among you to be first, prominent, he will be your servant; Mk. 6:21 οἱ πρῶτοι τῆς Γαλιλαίας, the chief men of Galilee
- 4. Clothing of first importance, foremost, best, special, e.g., finest of clothing, most special clothing Lk. 15:22 εἶπεν δὲ ὁ πατὴρ πρὸς τοὺς δούλους αὐτοῦ· ταχὺ ἐξενέγκατε στολὴν τὴν πρώτην καὶ ἐνδύσατε αὐτόν but said the father to his servants: quickly bring out the best robe and put (it on) him
- 5. neuter πρῶτον as adverb, first, at the first, the first time, Jn. 15:18 before ἐμὲ πρῶτον ύμῶν me before (it hated) you; Lk. 10:5 πρῶτον λέγετε· εἰρήνη τῷ οἴκῳ τούτω first say: peace to this house
- μέν, a weakened form of μήν, and hence an affirmative particle: truly, certainly, surely, indeed. Here μὲν appears without an adversative particle (δέ or ἀλλά) and has a concessive and restrictive force, indeed, verily: εἰ μέν, 2 Co. 11:4; μὲν οὖν now then, Heb. 9:1.

λόγος, -ου, ὁ, (λέγω), a collecting, collection.

- **I.** As respects SPEECH:
- **1.** *a word*, i.e. a word which conveys a conception or idea.
- **2.** a saying; of the sayings of God; = to decree, mandate, order: Ro. 9:28. the same as to promise; a divine declaration recorded in the O.T.; an oracle or utterance by which God discloses, to the prophets or through the prophets, future events.
 - **c.** what is declared, a thought, declaration, aphorism; a dictum, maxim or weighty saying.
 - **3.** discourse; speaking, speech; utterance; instruction. Hence

- **4.** doctrines such as the doctrine of eternal life through Christ
- **5.** content of a speech; a narration, narrative, a story; report, to have the (unmerited) reputation of any excellence, Col. 2:23.
 - **6.** matter under discussion, subject spoken of, affair; a matter in dispute, case suit at law
 - 7. subject spoken of or talked about; event; deed.
 - II. As respects the MIND alone, i.e.
 - 1. reason.
- **2.** account, i.e. regard, consideration; reckoning, score; answer or explanation in reference to judgment.
 - 3. reason, cause, ground.

ἐποιησάμην 1 p sing 1 aor mid ind ποιέω I made, produced perhaps wrote ποιέω, -ω

I. to make

- **a.** to produce, construct, form, fashion, to labor, to do work, to be operative, exercise activity, to be the author of, to cause, perform
- **Rev. 13:14** καὶ πλανᾳ τοὺς κατοικοῦντας ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς διὰ τὰ σημεῖα ἃ ἐδόθη αὐτῷ ποιῆσαι ἐνώπιον τοῦ θηρίου and he deceives those who live on the land by the signs which were (literally, was given) given to him to perform before the beast
- **b**. figuratively, ὁδὸν ποιεῖν, e. g., to make a path; to cause: σκάνδαλα, Ro. 16:17; πόλεμον, make war, Rev. 13:5; to make an ambush, lay wait, Ac. 25:3; to hold a consultation, deliberate, Mk. 3:6; κρίσιν, to execute judgment, Jn. 5:27; Jud. 15.
- Ac. 25:3 ὅπως μεταπέμψηται αὐτὸν εἰς Ἰερουσαλήμ ἐνέδραν ποιοῦντες ἀνελεῖν αὐτὸν κατὰ τὴν ὁδόν so that he might return him to Jerusalem making, planning, preparing, an ambush to kill him along the way
 - **c**. to make ready, to prepare: δεῖπνον
- Mk. 6:21 Καὶ γενομένης ἡμέρας εὐκαίρου ὅτε Ἡρῷδης τοῖς γενεσίοις αὐτοῦ δεῖπνον ἐποίησεν τοῖς μεγιστᾶσιν αὐτοῦ and having come a convenient day when Herod for his birthday celebrations made a dinner (= gave a dinner) for his high officials
 - **d**. to produce, bear, shoot forth: of trees, vines, grass.
- **e.** ποιῶ ἐμαυτῷ τι, to acquire, to provide for one's self (i.e. for one's use): φίλους, Lk. 16:9. τινὰς ἀλιεῖς, to make them qualified to fish for men, Mt. 4:19; to change one object into another: Mt. 21:13 ὁ οἶκος μου οἶκος προσευχῆς κληθήσεται ὑμεῖς δὲ αὐτὸν ποιεῖτε σπήλαιον ληστῶν my house a house of prayer it will be called but you are making it a lair of robbers
 - **f.** to make i.e. constitute or appoint one anything: τινὰ κύριον, Ac. 2:36; Rev. 5:10.
- $\underline{Ac. 2:36}$ ὅτι καὶ κύριον αὐτὸν καὶ χριστὸν ἐποίησεν ὁ θεός τοῦτον τὸν Ἰησοῦν ὃν ὑμεῖς ἐσταυρώσατε that God made him both Lord and Christ this Jesus whom you crucified
 - **g.** to make i.e. declare one anything: Jn. 5:18; 8:53; 10:33.
- **Jo. 5:18** ἀλλὰ καὶ πατέρα ἴδιον ἔλεγεν τὸν θεὸν ἴσον ἑαυτὸν ποιῶν τῷ θεῷ but also he was claiming, his own Father (is) God so that he was making himself equal to God
- II. to do, i.e. to follow some method in expressing by deeds the feelings and thoughts of the mind
- a. With adverbs describing the mode of action: καλῶς, to act rightly, do well
- $\underline{\text{Mt. 12:12}}$ ὅστε ἔξεστιν τοῖς σάββασιν καλῶς ποιεῖν so then it is lawful on the Sabbath (days) to do good
 - **b.** With nouns which denote a command, or some rule of action, to carry out, to execute, to

perform, accomplish

- **Gal. 5:3** ὀφειλέτης ἐστὶν ὅλον τὸν νόμον ποιῆσαι he is a debtor, he is under an obligation to do, to perform, to keep, the entire law
- **c.** With designations of time, to pass, spend: χρόνον, <u>Ac. 15:33</u> ποιήσαντες δὲ χρόνον and having made time (= having spent time) ἀπελύθησαν they were sent away
- **d.** to celebrate, keep, a feast: τὸ πάσχα, Mt. 26:18 ὁ καιρός μου ἐγγύς ἐστιν πρὸς σὲ ποιῶ τὸ πάσχα μετὰ τῶν μαθητῶν μου my time is near with you I am celebrating the Passover with my disciples

Θεόφιλος, -ου, (θεός and φίλος), *Theophilus*, a Christian to whom Luke inscribed his Gospel and Acts of the Apostles: Lk. 1:3; Ac. 1:1.

ἥρξατο 3 p sing 1 aor mid ind ἄρχω began ἄρχω;

- **1.** to be the first to do (anything), to begin **Lk. 3:8** ποιήσατε οὖν καρποὺς ἀξίους τῆς μετανοίας καὶ μὴ ἄρξησθε λέγειν ἐν ἑαυτοῖς· πατέρα ἔχομεν τὸν Ἀβραάμ produce fruits worthy of repentance and do not begin to say among yourselves: literally, father we have the Abraham = we have Abraham (as our) father
- **2.** to be chief, leader, ruler; to rule as leader **Ro. 15:12** καὶ πάλιν Ἡσαίας λέγει· ἔσται ἡ ῥίζα τοῦ Ἱεσσαὶ καὶ ὁ ἀνιστάμενος ἄρχειν ἐθνῶν ἐπ αὐτῷ ἔθνη ἐλπιοῦσιν and again Isaiah says, will be the root of Jesse = the root of Jesse will come, even the one rising up to rule (the) nations, in him (the) nations will (find) hope
- **3**. to cross, set out, put out, launch, start out **Jo 6:17** καὶ ἐμβάντες εἰς πλοῖον ἤρχοντο πέραν τῆς θαλάσσης εἰς Καφαρναούμ and having boarded on a boat, they put out, set off, were launching, started beyond the lake to Capernaum

ποιείν pres act infinitive ποιέω to make, produce

τέ enclitic particle

- 1. Used alone, and
- 2. τè—τέ as—so, not only—but also.
- 3. τè . . τέ . . καί: but. . both . . and ποιεῖν τε καὶ διδάσκειν both to do and to teach
- **4**. τè ... καί, and τè καί, not only ... but also, as well ... as, both ... and
- **5**. τὲ γάρ for also, for indeed

διδάσκειν pres act infinitive διδάσκω to teach, to instruct διδάσκω: to teach:

- **1.** to be a teacher; to discharge the office of teachers, conduct one's self as a teacher **Ro. 12:7** εἴτε διακονίαν ἐν τῆ διακονία εἴτε ὁ διδάσκων ἐν τῆ διδασκαλία if service, serving, in the service, if teaching, in the teaching
- **2.** to impart instruction, instill doctrine into one, to teach i.e. provide an understanding; to explain, expound <u>Jn. 9:34</u> ἀπεκρίθησαν καὶ εἶπαν αὐτῷ· ἐν ἀμαρτίαις σὺ ἐγεννήθης ὅλος καὶ σὺ διδάσκεις ἡμᾶς; καὶ ἐξέβαλον αὐτὸν ἔξω they answered and said to him, in sins you were born in complete sin and you (dare to) teach us? and they expelled him, perhaps from the synagogue
- **3.** to hold discourse with others to instruct them, deliver didactic discourses **Jn. 6:59** Ταῦτα εἶπεν ἐν συναγωγῆ διδάσκων ἐν Καφαρναούμ these (remarks, assertions) he spoke in a

ACTS 1:2

ἄχρι ἦς ἡμέρας ἐντειλάμενος τοῖς ἀποστόλοις διὰ πνεύματος ἁγίου οὓς ἐξελέξατο ἀνελήμφθη.

ἄχρι ἦς ἡμέρας ἐντειλάμενος until which day, until (the) day in which, having given instructions, after he had given commands

τοῖς ἀποστόλοις διὰ πνεύματος ἁγίου to the (his) apostles through (the) Holy Spirit οὓς ἐξελέξατο ἀνελήμφθη* whom he had chosen he was taken up

= until the day he was taken up (to heaven) after he had given instructions by the Holy Spirit to the apostles whom he had chosen

*construe ἀνελήμφθη with ἄχρι ἧς ἡμέρας until the day he was taken up

ἄχρι and ἄχρις, even to; until, within, to the time that; as long as.

ἐντειλάμενος 1 aor mid ptc nom sing masc ἐν-τέλλω, ἐντέλλομαι having ordered, commanded, instructed

έν-τέλλω but usually, and in the N.T., exclusively, middle deponent ἐντελοῦμαι command, order, give orders $\underline{\text{Heb. 9:20}}$ τοῦτο τὸ αἶμα τῆς διαθήκης ἦς ἐνετείλατο πρὸς ὑμᾶς ὁ θεός, this (is) the blood of the covenant which he commanded, decreed for you God = this (is) the blood of the covenant which God himself commanded for you

έξελέξατο 3 p sing 1 aor mid ind ἐκ-λέγω or ἐκλέγομαι he chose ἐκ-λέγω or ἐκλέγομαι: to pick out, choose; in the N.T. always middle, ἐκλέγομαι, to pick or choose out for one's self <u>Lk. 10:42</u> Μαριὰμ γὰρ τὴν ἀγαθὴν μερίδα ἐξελέξατο for Mary the good part she has chosen

ἀνελήμφθη 3 p sing 1 aor pass ind ἀνα-λαμβάνω he was taken up ἀνα-λαμβάνω; (ἀνελήμφθην);

- 1. to take up, raise, Ac. 1:11 ἄνδρες Γαλιλαῖοι τί ἐστήκατε ἐμβλέποντες εἰς τὸν οὐρανόν; οὖτος ὁ Ἰησοῦς ὁ ἀναλημφθεὶς ἀφ' ὑμῶν εἰς τὸν οὐρανὸν men, Galileans, why do you stand looking into the heaven, into the sky? this (same) Jesus the one having been taken up, who was taken up from you into the heaven
- **2.** to take up (an object to carry or use it), <u>Ac. 7:43</u> καὶ ἀνελάβετε τὴν σκηνὴν τοῦ Μόλοχ καὶ τὸ ἄστρον τοῦ θεοῦ ὑμῶν Ῥαιφάν and you took up the tent of Moloch and the star of your god Rephan, Rompha
- **3**. to take to a destination, lead to, to conduct, transfer, <u>Ac. 23:31</u> Οἱ μὲν οὖν στρατιῶται κατὰ τὸ διατεταγμένον αὐτοῖς ἀναλαβόντες τὸν Παῦλον ἤγαγον διὰ νυκτὸς εἰς τὴν Ἀντιπατρίδα, so then the soldiers according to the instructions having been given to them, having taken, conducted, the Paul they brought (him) by night to the (city of) Antipatris

ACTS 1:3

οἷς καὶ παρέστησεν έαυτὸν ζῶντα μετὰ τὸ παθεῖν αὐτὸν ἐν πολλοῖς τεκμηρίοις, δἱ ἡμερῶν τεσσεράκοντα ὀπτανόμενος αὐτοῖς καὶ λέγων τὰ περὶ τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ θεοῦ·

οἷς καὶ παρέστησεν ἑαυτὸν ζῶντα to whom he also showed, presented, proved, himself living μετὰ τὸ παθεῖν αὐτὸν literally, after the to suffer him

= after his suffering; after he had suffered

ἐν πολλοῖς τεκμηρίοις with many evidences, uncontestable evidences, proofs, convincing proofs δἱ ἡμερῶν τεσσεράκοντα through days forty

= through (out) forty days, over a period of forty days

οπτανόμενος αὐτοῖς appearing to them

καὶ λέγων τὰ περὶ τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ θεοῦ· and teaching, telling, speaking, the (matters, issues) concerning or about the kingdom of God

παρέστησεν 3 p sing 1 aor act ind παρ-ίστημι and παριστάνω he showed, presented, proved παρ-ίστημι and παριστάνω;

- **1.** to place beside or near; to set at hand, to place at one's disposal, to provide **Ac. 23:24** κτήνη τε παραστῆσαι ἵνα ἐπιβιβάσαντες τὸν Παῦλον διασώσωσι πρὸς Φήλικα τὸν ἡγεμόνα, and horses to be ready, to be at the ready, to be provided so that having mounted, placed on, Paul (= so that (once) Paul has mounted) they might have protected (him) to Felix the ruler
- 2. to present, bring, lead to, offer, handover, Lk. 2:22 Καὶ ὅτε ἐπλήσθησαν αἱ ἡμέραι τοῦ καθαρισμοῦ αὐτῶν κατὰ τὸν νόμον Μωϋσέως, ἀνήγαγον αὐτὸν εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα παραστῆσαι τῷ κυρίῳ, and when the days of their purification was complete according to (instructions in) the Law of Moses they took him to Jerusalem to present (him) to the Lord
- **3.** to present (show) by argument, to prove, demonstrate, <u>Ac. 24:13</u> οὐδὲ παραστῆσαι δύνανται σοι περὶ ὧν νυνὶ κατηγοροῦσιν μου, nor to present by argument, prove, demonstrate, are they able to you about which now they accuse me = nor are they now able to prove to you the charges about which they accuse me
- **4.** to stand beside, stand by or near, to stand at hand, stand before, be present **Lk. 1:19** ἐγώ εἰμι Γαβριὴλ ὁ παρεστηκὼς ἐνώπιον τοῦ θεοῦ, I am Gabriel the one standing, who stands, before God = in the presence of God
- **5.** to be present, to commend, to have come, <u>1 Co. 8:8</u> βρῶμα δὲ ἡμᾶς οὐ παραστήσει τῷ θεῷ· οὕτε ἐὰν μὴ φάγωμεν ὑστερούμεθα, οὕτε ἐὰν φάγωμεν περισσεύομεν, but food will not present, lead, direct, take us near, commend, us to God neither if we do not eat do we lack, are we lacking nor if we eat are we better off perhaps = we are neither worse if we do not eat nor better if we do eat

ζῶντα pres act ptc acc sing masc ζάω living ζάω, -ῶ, ζῆς, ζῆ, infinitive ζῆν to live

- **1.** to live, be among the living, be alive (not lifeless, not dead), **1 Th. 4:15** Τοῦτο γὰρ ὑμῖν λέγομεν ἐν λόγῷ κυρίου, ὅτι ἡμεῖς οἱ ζῶντες οἱ περιλειπόμενοι εἰς τὴν παρουσίαν τοῦ κυρίου οὐ μὴ φθάσωμεν τοὺς κοιμηθέντας, for this we speak by (the) word of (the) Lord that we who are living, who are alive, the ones living the ones remaining until the arrival, of the Lord will by no means precede the ones having fallen asleep
- **2.** to live i.e. pass life, Ro. 7:9 ἐγὼ δὲ ἔζων χωρὶς νόμου ποτέ, ἐλθούσης δὲ τῆς ἐντολῆς ἡ ἁμαρτία ἀνέζησεν, but I was alive, I lived, I was living, apart from (the) law formerly but having come the command the sin rose up
 - 3. Metaphorical of inanimate objects, Jn. 4:10 ἀπεκρίθη Ἰησοῦς καὶ εἶπεν αὐτῆ· εἰ ἤδεις τὴν

δωρεὰν τοῦ θεοῦ καὶ τίς ἐστιν ὁ λέγων σοι· δός μοι πεῖν, σὸ ὰν ἤτησας αὐτὸν καὶ ἔδωκεν ἄν σοι ὕδωρ ζῶν, answered Jesus and he said to her: if you knew the gift of God and who is (the one) saying to you "Give me to drink" you would have asked him and he would have given to you living water

παθεῖν 2 aor act infinitive πάσχω to suffer

τεκμήριον, -ου, τό, (from τεκμαίρω to show or prove by sure signs; from τέκμαρ a sign), that from which something is surely and plainly known; an evidence, an uncontestable evidence, a proof, a convincing proof, Ac. 1:3.

τεσσαράκοντα but several times τεσσεράκοντα (a form originally Ionic, οί, αί, τά, indeclinable numeral, *forty*: Mt. 4:2; Mk. 1:13; Lk. 4:2; Jn. 2:20.

όπτανόμενος pres mid ptc nom sing masc όπτάνω and όπτάνομαι appearing όπτάνω (οπτω): to look at, behold; middle present participle όπτανόμενος; to allow one's self to be seen, to appear: τινί. In the N.T. found only here in Ac. 1:3.

λέγων pres act ptc nom sing masc λέγω saying λέγω to say, to speak, to tell with several subtle nuances of meaning:

- **1.** to speak λέγειν, whether orally or in writing, to set forth in language, make plain, to say, to tell to one perhaps claim **Ac. 13:15** ἄνδρες ἀδελφοί εἴ τίς ἐστιν ἐν ὑμῖν λόγος παρακλήσεως πρὸς τὸν λαόν, λέγετε men brothers if any word of exhortation is in you (both) for the people, speak (it), share (it)
- **2.** with adverbs, or with phrases having adverbial force: καλῶς, rightly <u>Jn. 8:48</u> οὐ καλῶς λέγομεν ἡμεῖς ὅτι Σαμαρίτης εἶ σὺ καὶ δαιμόνιον ἔχεις; do we not rightly say, correctly speak that you are a Samaritan and you have a demon?
- **3.** the equivalent of to asseverate, affirm, aver, maintain: with the included idea of insisting on <u>Lk. 24:23</u> καὶ ὀπτασίαν ἀγγέλων ἑωρακέναι οῦ λέγουσιν αὐτὸν ζῆν literally, also a vision of angels to have seen (= also (they claim) to have seen a vision of angels) who declare him to be alive; <u>Jas. 2:14</u> Τί τὸ ὄφελος ἀδελφοί μου ἐὰν πίστιν λέγη τις ἔχειν what (is) the profit, my brothers, if faith might claim anyone to have = if someone says he has faith
- **4.** the equivalent of to teach <u>Ac. 1:3</u> καὶ λέγων τὰ περὶ τῆς βασιλείας τοῦ θεοῦ· and teaching the (matters, issues) concerning or about the kingdom of God
- **5.** to exhort, advise; to command, direct: in the sense of asking, seeking, entreating, to give one a greeting, bid him welcome, salute him **Lk. 6:46** Tί δέ με καλεῖτε· κύριε κὰριε καὶ οὐ ποιεῖτε ἃ λέγω; And why me do you call Lord, Lord and you do not do what I say?
- **6.** to call by a name, being called or named, $\underline{\mathbf{Mt. 9:9}}$ Μαθθαῖον λεγόμενον being called Matthew, named Matthew
- **7.** to speak out, speak of, mention **Eph. 5:12** τὰ γὰρ κρυφῆ γινόμενα ὑπ αὐτῶν αἰσχρόν ἐστιν καὶ λέγειν the (sins, fruitless works of darkness) in secret being done by them are shameful even to speak about, tell, relate, mention

ACTS 1:4

καὶ συναλιζόμενος παρήγγειλεν αὐτοῖς ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων μὴ χωρίζεσθαι ἀλλὰ περιμένειν τὴν ἐπαγγελίαν τοῦ πατρὸς ἣν ἠκούσατε μου,

καὶ συναλιζόμενος παρήγγειλεν αὐτοῖς and being gathered, assembled, he commanded, charged, ordered, them

ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων μὴ χωρίζεσθαι from Jerusalem not to leave, depart ἀλλὰ περιμένειν τὴν ἐπαγγελίαν τοῦ πατρὸς but to wait (for) the promise of the Father, to await the promise of the Father

ην ηκούσατε μου which you heard from me

συναλιζόμενος pres mid ptc nom sing masc συν-αλίζω being gathered, assembled συν-αλίζω: (σύν, and ἀλίζω from ἀλής, crowded, in a mass; compare ἄλυσις, chain); to gather together, assemble; passive present participle συναλιζόμενος; to be assembled, meet with: τινί, with one, Ac. 1:4, where αὐτοῖς is to be supplied. (some scholars defend the rendering given by some of the ancient versions eating with (deriving the word from σύναλος). In the N.T. found only here in Ac. 1:4.

παρήγγειλεν 3 p sing 1 aor act ind παρ-αγγέλλω he commanded, charged παρ-αγγέλλω; (παρά and ἀγγέλλω);

- **1.** to transmit a message along from one to another, to declare, announce. This meaning is found in ancient Greek writers but not in the N.T.
- **2.** to command, order, charge, instruct $\underline{\mathbf{Mk. 8:6}}$ καὶ παραγγέλλει τῷ ὄχλῷ ἀναπεσεῖν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς· and he instructs, orders, the crowd to recline on the ground

χωρίζεσθαι pres mid infinitive **χωρίζω** with $\mu \dot{\eta}$ not to leave, depart **χωρίζω**; (χωρίς); to separate, divide, part, put asunder; to separate one's self from, to divide, to depart;

- **1.** to leave a husband or wife: of divorce Mt. 19:6 δ οὖν ὁ θεὸς συνέζευξεν ἄνθρωπος μὴ χωριζέτω what therefore God yoked together, joined together a man let not separate, part, leave, divorce
- **2.** to depart, go away <u>Ac. 1:4</u> ἀπὸ Ἱεροσολύμων μὴ χωρίζεσθαι from Jerusalem not to leave, depart

περιμένειν pres act infinitive περι-μένω to wait for, await, remain around, stay around περι-μένω; (περί further); to wait for: τί. In the N.T. found only here in Ac. 1:4.

ήκούσατε 2 p pl 1 aor act ind ἀκούω you heard, you have heard ἀκούω

- **1.** hear; endowed with hearing (not deaf) Mk. 7:37 τοὺς κωφοὺς ποιεῖ ἀκούειν the deaf he makes to hear
- **2.** to attend to (using the faculty of hearing), consider what is or has been said Mk. 4:3 Ακούετε ἰδοὺ ἐξῆλθεν ὁ σπείρων σπεῖραι hear, listen, take note went out the sower to sow; Mt. 11:15 ὁ ἔχων ὧτα ἀκούειν ἀκουέτω the one having ears, who has ears, let him hear
- **3.** to understand, perceive the sense of what is said; to get by hearing, learn (from the mouth of the teacher or narrator); to comprehend, understand Mt. 10:27 καὶ ὁ εἰς τὸ οὖς ἀκούετε κηρύξατε ἐπὶ τῶν δωμάτων and what in the ear you hear proclaim on the house-tops
 - **4.** to give ear to one, listen, give heed to words **Mt. 10:14** καὶ ὃς ἂν μὴ δέξηται ὑμᾶς μηδὲ

ἀκούση τοὺς λόγους ὑμῶν and whoever does not welcome you nor listen to your words 5. to yield to, hear and obey, hear to one. Hence, its use by John in the sense to listen to, have regard to, of God answering the prayers of men: Jn. 9:31 οἴδαμεν ὅτι ἀμαρτωλῶν ὁ θεὸς οὐκ ἀκούει we know that God does not hear, listen to, sinners

ACTS 1:5

ὅτι Ἰωάννης μὲν ἐβάπτισεν ὕδατι, ὑμεῖς δὲ ἐν πνεύματι βαπτισθήσεσθε ἁγίφ οὐ μετὰ πολλὰς ταύτας ἡμέρας.

ὅτι Ἰωάννης μὲν ἐβάπτισεν ὕδατι because John truly, indeed, baptized, in or with water ὑμεῖς δὲ ἐν πνεύματι βαπτισθήσεσθε ἁγίῳ but you will be baptized by the Holy Spirit οὐ μετὰ πολλὰς ταύτας ἡμέρας not after many of these (coming) days = not many days from now

μέν, a weakened form of μήν, and hence properly an affirmative particle: *truly, certainly, surely, indeed*. Many translators ignore a rendering for μέν. However, when μέν is not followed closely by the δέ or ἀλλά in an adversative sense, it can introduce, as here, an emphasis of what has been said, *definitely, assuredly*.

έβάπτισεν 3 p sing 1 aor act infinitive βαπτίζω he baptized

βαπτισθήσεσθε 2 p pl fut pass ind βαπτίζω you will be baptized

ACTS 1:6

Οἱ μὲν οὖν συνελθόντες ἠρώτων αὐτὸν λέγοντες· κύριε, εἰ ἐν τῷ χρόνῷ τούτῷ ἀποκαθιστάνεις τὴν βασιλείαν τῷ Ἰσραήλ;

Οἱ μὲν οὖν συνελθόντες indeed, therefore, the ones having assembled, those who came together ἡρώτων αὐτὸν λέγοντες· were asking, inquiring, questioning, him saying κύριε, εἰ* ἐν τῷ χρόνῳ τούτῳ ἀποκαθιστάνεις Lord, if in or at this time do you restore, are you restoring

= Lord, at this time are you restoring

τὴν βασιλείαν τῷ Ἰσραήλ; the kingdom to Israel

*the use of ϵi in an indirect question is common, possibly in imitation of the Hebrew (frequent in the LXX) or as a partial condition without conclusion, AT Roberson *Word Pictures*

μέν, a weakened form of μήν, and hence an affirmative particle: *truly, certainly, surely, indeed.* μὲν by itself and not in conjunction with an adversative (δέ or ἀλλά) has a concessive and restrictive force, *indeed, verily*: εἰ μέν, 2 Co. 11:4. Many translators ignore a rendering for μέν.

συνελθόντες 2 aor act ptc nom pl masc συν-έρχομαι with oi the ones having assembled, who came together

συν-έρχομαι;

- 1. to come together, i.e.
- **a.** to assemble, gather, in congregation, $\underline{1 \text{ Co. } 11:18}$ πρῶτον μὲν γὰρ συνερχομένων ὑμῶν ἐν ἐκκλησίᾳ for first, coming together you in church = when you come together in church, in an assembly
- **b.** of conjugal cohabitation, Mt. 1:18 πρὶν ἢ συνελθεῖν αὐτοὺς εὑρέθη ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχουσα ἐκ πνεύματος ἀγίου before which they (were) to come together she was found in (her) womb having (a child conceived) from (the) Holy Spirit = she was found to be with child by (the action of the) Holy Spirit
- **2.** to go (depart) or come with one, to accompany one, company with, travel with, **Ac. 1:21** δεῖ οὖν τῶν συνελθόντων ἡμῖν ἀνδρῶν it is necessary therefore from the ones having accompanied us men = therefore it is necessary (that) of the men who accompanied us

ἠρώτων 3 p pl imperfect act ind ἐρωτάω asking, inquired; asked, questioned ἐρωτάω, -ῶ, to ask, i.e.

- **1.** to question: <u>Jn. 9:21</u> πῶς δὲ νῦν βλέπει οὐκ οἴδαμεν ἢ τίς ἤνοιξεν αὐτοῦ τοὺς ὀφθαλμοὺς ἡμεῖς οὐκ οἴδαμεν· αὐτὸν ἐρωτήσατε ἡλικίαν ἔχει αὐτὸς περὶ ἑαυτοῦ λαλήσει but how now he sees we do not know or who opened his eyes we do not know. him ask, he has maturity (= he is of age) he will speak concerning or about himself
- **2.** to ask i.e. to request, entreat, beg, beseech, urge Mt. 15:23 ὁ δὲ οὐκ ἀπεκρίθη αὐτῆ λόγον καὶ προσελθόντες οἱ μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ ἠρώτουν αὐτὸν λέγοντες· ἀπόλυσον αὐτήν, ὅτι κράζει ὅπισθεν ἡμῶν but he did not answer a word to her; and coming to (him) his disciples were urging, begging, him saying, send her away because she cries out after us

χρόνος, -ου, \dot{o} , time, period of time, duration of time $\underline{Mt. 2:7}$ τὸν χρόνον τοῦ φαινομένου ἀστέρος the time of the appearing of (the) star

ἀποκαθιστάνεις 2 p sing pres act ind ἀπο-καθ-ίστημι in a question do you restore, are you restoring

ἀπο-καθ-ίστημι, to restore to its former state; 2 aorist active to be in its former state, restored to its former state, Mt. 12:13 τότε λέγει τῷ ἀνθρώπῳ· ἔκτεινον σου τὴν χεῖρα. καὶ ἐξέτεινεν καὶ ἀπεκατεστάθη ὑγιὴς ὡς ἡ ἄλλη, then he says to the man stretch out your hand and he stretched (it) out and it was made whole, it was completely restored just as healthy as the other

λέγοντες pres act ptc nom pl masc λέγω saying

ACTS 1:7

εἶπεν δὲ πρὸς αὐτούς· οὐχ ὑμῶν ἐστιν γνῶναι χρόνους ἢ καιροὺς οῦς ὁ πατὴρ ἔθετο ἐν τῆ ἰδία ἐξουσία,

εἶπεν δὲ πρὸς αὐτούς· and he said, spoke to them

οὐχ ὑμῶν ἐστιν γνῶναι χρόνους ἢ καιροὺς it is not for you to know times or seasons, dates, epochs

ους ὁ πατὴρ ἔθετο ἐν τῆ ἰδία ἐξουσία which the Father placed, set, in his own authority, fixed by his own authority

εἶπεν 3 p sing 2 aor act ind λέγω he said

έστιν 3 p sing pres act ind εἰμί is frequently ἐστιν can be translated in the plural, are

γνῶναι 2 aor act infinitive γινώσκω to know γινώσκω

- **1.** to learn to know, to come to know, to become acquainted with, to learn, recognize, get a knowledge of, ascertain, find out, passive to become known Mt. 22:18 γνοὺς δὲ ὁ Ἰησοῦς τὴν πονηρίαν αὐτῶν but Jesus, having realized their malice
- **2.** understand, comprehend, perceive, realize, notice, have knowledge of <u>Ac. 8:30</u> γινώσκεις à ἀναγινώσκεις; do you understand what you are reading?
- **3**. in particular, to become acquainted with, to know, acknowledge, recognize $\underline{\text{Gal. 4:9}}$ νῦν δὲ γνόντες θεόν μᾶλλον δὲ γνωσθέντες ὑπὸ θεοῦ and now having come to know God but instead having been known by God
- **4.** by a Hebraistic euphemism, γινώσκω is used of the intimate physical sexual relations of male and female **Lk. 1:34** ἐπεὶ ἄνδρα οὐ γινώσκω; *since a man I do not know*

καιρός, -οῦ, ὁ,

- **1.** time, a measure of time, a fixed and definite time, i.e. point of time or period of time, the present (time); κατὰ καιρόν, at certain seasons, (from time to time), Jn. 5:4.
- **2.** opportunity, opportune or seasonable time, the right, proper, favorable time; the right time: ἐν καιρῷ, in due season.

ἔθετο 3 p sing 2 aor mid ind τίθημι placed, set, fixed

ίδιος, -α, -ον,

- **1.** pertaining to one's self, one's own; used of what is one's own as opposite to belonging to another, private ownership, of what pertains to one's property, family, dwelling, country **Jn. 10:3** καὶ τὰ ἴδια πρόβατα φωνεῖ κατ ὄνομα καὶ ἐξάγει αὐτά and his own sheep he calls by name and he leads them out
- **2.** appropriate, harmonizing with, or suitable or assigned to one's nature, character, aims, acts $\underline{\text{Ac. 1:7}}$ οὐχ ὑμῶν ἐστιν γνῶναι χρόνους ἢ καιροὺς οὓς ὁ πατὴρ ἔθετο ἐν τῇ ἰδίᾳ ἐξουσίᾳ it is not for you to know times which the Father set in his own authority
- **3.** private: ἰδίᾳ adverb, separately, individually, apart, <u>1 Co. 12:11</u> πάντα δὲ ταῦτα ἐνεργεῖ τὸ εν καὶ τὸ αὐτὸ πνεῦμα διαιροῦν ἰδίᾳ ἐκάστῷ καθὼς βούλεται literally, now all these (gifts) produces the one and the same Spirit distributing individually to each just as he wills

έξουσία, -ας, ή, power.

- **1.** power of choice, liberty of doing as one pleases; leave or permission <u>1 Co. 9:12</u> Εἰ ἄλλοι τῆς ὑμῶν ἐξουσίας μετέχουσιν if others participate in the right (of support) from you; <u>2 Th. 3:9</u> οὐχ ὅτι οὐκ ἔχομεν ἐξουσίαν ἀλλ' ἵνα ἑαυτοὺς τύπον δῶμεν ὑμῖν not that we do not have authority but that we may offer ourselves an example to you
- **2.** physical and mental power; the ability or strength with which one is endued, which he either possesses or exercises $\underline{\mathbf{Mt. 9:8}}$ καὶ ἐδόξασαν τὸν θεὸν τὸν δόντα ἐξουσίαν τοιαύτην τοῖς ἀνθρώποις and they glorified God the one having given this kind of power, such authority, to

men

- **3.** the power of authority (influence) and of right: Mt. 21:23 ἐν ποίᾳ ἐξουσίᾳ ταῦτα ποιεῖς; by what authority are you doing these (actions)?
- **4.** the power of rule or government the power of him whose will and commands must be submitted to by others and obeyed, generally translated authority; something subject to authority or rule; jurisdiction; one who possesses authority; authorities, dignities; ruler, human magistrate; the leading and more powerful among created beings superior to man, spiritual potentates **Rev. 17:12** ἀλλὰ ἐξουσίαν ὡς βασιλεῖς μίαν ὥραν λαμβάνουσιν μετὰ τοῦ θηρίου but (have) authority, power, as kings (for only) one hour together with the beast